UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

	FORM 10-Q		
☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION TO THE quarterly period ended June 30, 2022	TION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECU	RITIES EXCHANGE	ACT OF 1934
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION TO THE TRANSITION PERIOD TO THE TRANSITION PERIOD TO THE TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION TO THE TRANSITION TO THE TRANSITION PURSUANT TO SECTION TO THE TRANSITION TO THE TRANSITION PURSUANT TO SECTION TO THE TRANSITION	FION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECU	RITIES EXCHANGE	ACT OF 1934
	Commission file number <u>001-37</u>	<u>973</u>	
(T)	NI HOLDINGS, INC.	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(Exac	ct name of registrant as specified in	its charter)	
NORTH DAKOTA			683619
(State or other jurisdiction of		**	Employer
incorporation or organization)		Identin	cation No.)
1101 First Avenue North			
Fargo, North Dakota		5	8102
(Address of principal executive office	es)	(Zip	Code)
	(701) 298-4200		
Regi	strant's telephone number, includin	g area code	
T	Not applicable		
	er address, and former fiscal year, i		
•	ursuant to Section 12(b) of the Secu	_	
Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)		schange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share	NODK		aq Capital Market
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has fill during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter per requirements for the past 90 days. ⊠ Yes No □			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has subm Regulation S-T ($\S232.405$ of this chapter) during the prosuch files). \boxtimes Yes No \square	5 5	-	-
Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a large a emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.			
Large accelerated filer □	Accelerated file	er	\boxtimes
Non-accelerated filer \square	Smaller reporti	0 1 0	
	Emerging grow	rth company	$oxed{oxtimes}$
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark or revised financial accounting standards provided pursu			n period for complying with any new
Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell of	company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of	the Exchange Act). \Box	Yes No ⊠
The number of shares of Registrant's common stock out	standing on July 31 2022 was 21 179) 053 No preferred shar	res are issued or outstanding

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CERTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Unless the context otherwise requires, as used in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q:

- "NI Holdings", "the Company", "we", "us", and "our" refer to NI Holdings, Inc., together with Nodak Insurance Company and its subsidiaries and its affiliate (Battle Creek Mutual Insurance Company), Direct Auto Insurance Company (acquired August 31, 2018), and Westminster American Insurance Company (acquired January 1, 2020), for periods discussed after completion of the conversion, and for periods discussed prior to completion of the conversion refer to Nodak Mutual Insurance Company and all of its subsidiaries and Battle Creek Mutual Insurance Company;
- "Nodak Mutual Group" refers to Nodak Mutual Group, Inc., which is the majority shareholder of NI Holdings;
- the "conversion" refers to the series of transactions consummated on March 13, 2017, by which Nodak Mutual Insurance Company converted from a mutual insurance company to a stock insurance company, as Nodak Insurance Company, and became a wholly-owned subsidiary of NI Holdings, an intermediate stock holding company formed on the date of conversion;
- "Nodak Mutual" refers to Nodak Mutual Insurance Company, the predecessor company to Nodak Insurance Company prior to the conversion;
- "Nodak Insurance" refers to Nodak Insurance Company or Nodak Mutual Insurance Company interchangeably;
- "members" refers to the policyholders of Nodak Insurance, who are the named insureds under insurance policies issued by Nodak Insurance;
- "Battle Creek" refers to Battle Creek Mutual Insurance Company. Battle Creek became affiliated with Nodak Insurance in 2011, and Nodak Insurance provides underwriting, claims management, policy administration, and other administrative services to Battle Creek. Battle Creek is controlled by Nodak Insurance via a surplus note. The terms of the surplus note allow Nodak Insurance to appoint two-thirds of the Battle Creek Board of Directors:
- "Direct Auto" refers to Direct Auto Insurance Company. On August 31, 2018, NI Holdings completed the acquisition of 100% of the common stock of Direct Auto from the private shareholders of Direct Auto, and Direct Auto became a consolidated subsidiary of NI Holdings. Direct Auto is a property and casualty insurance company specializing in non-standard automobile insurance in the state of Illinois;
- · "American West" refers to American West Insurance Company. American West is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nodak Insurance;
- "Primero" refers to Primero Insurance Company. Primero is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Nodak Insurance;
- "Westminster" refers to Westminster American Insurance Company. On January 1, 2020, NI Holdings completed the acquisition of 100% of the common stock of Westminster from the private shareholder of Westminster, and Westminster became a consolidated subsidiary of NI Holdings. Westminster is a property and casualty insurance company specializing in commercial multi-peril insurance in the Mid-Atlantic states; and
- "Nodak Agency" refers to Nodak Agency, Inc. Nodak Agency is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nodak Insurance.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains, and management may make, certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, may be forward-looking statements. Words such as "may", "will", "should", "likely", "anticipates", "expects", "intends", "projects", "believes", "views", "estimates", and similar expressions are used to identify these forward-looking statements. These statements include, among other things, the Company's statements about:

- our anticipated operating and financial performance, business plans, and prospects;
- strategic reviews, capital allocation objectives, dividends, and share repurchases;
- plans for and prospects of acquisitions, dispositions, and other business development activities, and our ability to successfully capitalize on these opportunities;
- the impact of COVID-19 or a future pandemic and related economic conditions, including the potential impact on the Company's investments;
- our ability to enter new markets successfully and capitalize on growth opportunities either through acquisitions or the expansion of our agent network;
- cyclical changes in the insurance industry, competition, and innovation and emerging technologies;
- expectations for impact of or changes to existing or new government regulations or laws;
- our ability to anticipate and respond to macroeconomic, geopolitical, health and industry trends, pandemics, acts of war, and other large-scale crises;
- developments in general economic conditions, domestic and global financial markets, interest rate, unemployment, or inflation, that could affect the performance of our insurance operations and/or investment portfolio; and
- · our ability to effectively manage future growth, including additional necessary capital, systems, and personnel.

Given their nature, we cannot assure that any outcome expressed in these or other forward-looking statements will be realized in whole or in part. Actual outcomes may vary materially from past results and those anticipated, estimated, implied, or projected. These forward-looking statements may be affected by underlying assumptions that may prove inaccurate or incomplete, or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties, including those described in Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in the Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" section in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 ("2021 Annual Report"). The occurrence of any of the risks identified in the Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" section of the 2021 Annual Report, or other risks currently unknown, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations, or we may be required to increase our accruals for contingencies. It is not possible to predict or identify all such factors. Consequently, you should not consider such discussion to be a complete discussion of all potential risks or uncertainties.

Therefore, you are cautioned not to unduly rely on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Form 10-Q. We undertake no obligation to update forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable securities law. You are advised, however, to consult any further disclosures we make on related subjects.

PART I. - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. - Financial Statements

NI Holdings, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (dollar amounts in thousands, except par value)

		ne 30, 2022 Inaudited)	Decer	nber 31, 2021
Assets:	(0	indudited)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,032	\$	70,623
Fixed income securities, at fair value		336,099		364,651
Equity securities, at fair value		63,422		77,690
Other investments		2,005		2,005
Total cash and investments		464,558		514,969
Premiums and agents' balances receivable		108,336		51,452
Deferred policy acquisition costs		30,917		24,947
Reinsurance premiums receivable		2,227		-
Reinsurance recoverables on losses		17,041		21,200
Income tax recoverable		8,475		364
Accrued investment income		2,551		2,524
Property and equipment		9,837		9,869
Deferred income taxes		9,025		-
Goodwill and other intangibles		17,486		17,722
Other assets		11,136		8,735
Total assets	\$	681,589	\$	651,782
Liabilities:				
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	182,876	\$	139,662
Unearned premiums	Ψ	173,725	Ψ	127,789
Reinsurance premiums payable		3,140		326
Deferred income taxes		5,110		5,506
Payable to Federal Crop Insurance Corporation		7,102		4,962
Westminster consideration payable		6,454		13,020
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		35,681		13,104
Total liabilities		408,978		304,369
Commitments and contingencies				
Communents and contingencies				_
Shareholders' equity:				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, authorized: 25,000,000 shares; issued: 23,000,000 shares; and outstanding: 2022 – 21,209,856 shares, 2021 – 21,219,808 shares		230		230
Preferred stock, without par value, authorized 5,000,000 shares; no shares issued or outstanding		250		250
Additional paid-in capital		96,827		98,166
Unearned employee stock ownership plan shares		(1,184)		(1,184
Retained earnings		223,217		267,207
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes		(22,482)		5,237
Treasury stock, at cost, 2022 – 1,671,719 shares, 2021 – 1,661,767 shares		(26,569)		(26,452
Non-controlling interest		2,572		4,209
Total shareholders' equity		272,611		347,413
m - 13: 19:-	\$	681.589	\$	651.782
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	Ф	001,309	ψ	031,/02

NI Holdings, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited) (dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

		Three Mon June		Ended	Six Montl June		
		2022		2021	2022	2	2021
Revenues:							
Net premiums earned	\$	84,496	\$	76,281	\$ 154,083	\$	139,416
Fee and other income		415		520	843		837
Net investment income		2,015		1,710	3,668		3,246
Net investment gains (losses)		(11,136)		4,701	(16,664)		10,512
Total revenues		75,790		83,212	141,930		154,011
Expenses:							
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		108,595		62,918	148,724		99,807
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs		16,244		19,886	31,867		33,473
Other underwriting and general expenses		10,002		3,703	17,783		11,354
Total expenses		134,841		86,507	198,374		144,634
Income (loss) before income taxes		(59,051)		(3,295)	(56,444)		9,377
Income tax expense (benefit)		(12,415)		(561)	(11,847)		2,329
Net income (loss)		(46,636)		(2,734)	(44,597)		7,048
Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest		(726)		(90)	(596)		23
Net income (loss) attributable to NI Holdings, Inc.	\$	(45,910)	\$	(2,644)	\$ (44,001)	\$	7,025
· · ·							
Earnings (loss) per common share:							
Basic	\$	(2.15)	\$	(0.12)	\$ (2.06)	\$	0.33
Diluted	\$	(2.15)	\$	(0.12)	\$ (2.06)	\$	0.32
Dialect	_		_				
Share data:							
Weighted average common shares outstanding used in basic per common share							
calculations	2	1,379,803	2	21,464,840	21,376,298	21,	463,747
Plus: Dilutive securities		_		-	-		224,312
Weighted average common shares used in diluted per common share calculations	2	1,379,803	- 2	21,464,840	21,376,298	21,	688,059
Treatment average common shares used in anaced per common share emediations	_		_				
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.							

NI Holdings, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited) (dollar amounts in thousands)

	Three Mo	onths Ended June 3	30, 2022	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022							
	Attributable to NI	Attributable to Non- Controlling		Attributable to NI	Attributable to Non- Controlling						
	Holdings, Inc.	Interest	Total	Holdings, Inc.	Interest	Total					
Net income (loss)	\$ (45,910)	\$ (726)	\$ (46,636)	\$ (44,001)	\$ (596)	\$ (44,597)					
Other comprehensive income											
(loss), before income taxes:											
Holding gains (losses) on											
investments	(15,738)	(650)	(16,388)	(35,935)	(1,347)	(37,282)					
Reclassification adjustment for											
net realized gain included in											
net income (loss)	105	<u>-</u>	105	62	<u>-</u>	62					
Other comprehensive income											
(loss), before income											
taxes	(15,633)	(650)	(16,283)	(35,873)	(1,347)	(37,220)					
Income tax benefit (expense)											
related to items of other											
comprehensive income (loss)	3,553	148	3,701	8,154	306	8,460					
Other comprehensive income											
(loss), net of income taxes	(12,080)	(502)	(12,582)	(27,719)	(1,041)	(28,760)					
Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (57,990)</u>	\$ (1,228)	\$ (59,218)	\$ (71,720)	\$ (1,637)	\$ (73,357)					

		Three Mo	onths E	nded June 3	0, 202 :	1	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021								
	to	outable NI ngs, Inc.	to Con	ibutable Non- trolling terest		Total	to	outable NI ngs, Inc.	to Con	ibutable Non- itrolling iterest		Total			
Net income (loss)	\$ (2,644)		\$ (90)		\$	(2,734)	\$	7,025		23	\$	7,048			
Other comprehensive income (loss), before income taxes:															
Holding gains (losses) on investments		3,032		128		3,160		(3,731)		(165)		(3,896)			
Reclassification adjustment for net realized gain included in net income (loss)		(325)		-		(325)		(426)		-		(426)			
Other comprehensive income (loss), before income taxes		2,707		128		2,835		(4,157)		(165)		(4,322)			
Income tax benefit (expense) related to items of other		2,7 0 7		120		2,000		(1,107)		(100)		(1,522)			
comprehensive income (loss)		(568)		(27)		(595)		873		35		908			
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes		2,139		101		2,240		(3,284)		(130)		(3,414)			
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(505)	\$	11	\$	(494)	\$	3,741	\$	(107)	\$	3,634			

NI Holdings, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited) (dollar amounts in thousands)

					Th	ree Month	is Ended Jun	e 30, 2	2022					
					U	nearned		Ac	cumulated					
					\mathbf{E}	mployee			Other					
						Stock		Con	nprehensive					
			Ac	dditional	O	wnership		Inc	ome (Loss),			Non-		Total
	Co	mmon	I	Paid-in		Plan	Retained		Net of	Treasury	Co	ntrolling	Sh	areholders'
	S	Stock	(Capital		Shares	Earnings	Inc	ome Taxes	Stock	I	nterest		Equity
Balance, beginning of period	\$	230	\$	96,517	\$	(1,184)	\$ 269,142	\$	(10,402)	\$ (25,825)	\$	3,800	\$	332,278
Net income (loss)		-		-		-	(45,910)		-	-		(726)		(46,636)
Other comprehensive income														
(loss), net of income taxes		-		-		-	-		(12,080)	-		(502)		(12,582)
Purchase of treasury stock		-		-		-	-		-	(934)		-		(934)
Share-based compensation		-		486		-	-		-	-		-		486
Issuance of vested award														
shares				(176)		<u>-</u>	(15)			190		<u>-</u>		(1)
Balance, end of period	\$	230	\$	96,827	\$	(1,184)	\$ 223,217	\$	(22,482)	\$ (26,569)	\$	2,572	\$	272,611

Six Months Ended June 30, 2022															
					U	Inearned		A	ccumulated						
					E	Employee			Other						
						Stock			mprehensive						
				ditional	O	wnership		Inc	come (Loss),				Non-		Total
	_	ommon		Paid-in		Plan	Retained		Net of	T	reasury	Co	ntrolling	Sh	areholders'
		Stock		Capital		Shares	Earnings	In	come Taxes		Stock	I	nterest		Equity
Balance, beginning of period	\$	230	\$	98,166	\$	(1,184)	\$ 267,207	\$	5,237	\$	(26,452)	\$	4,209	\$	347,413
Net income (loss)		-		-		-	(44,001)		-		-		(596)		(44,597)
Other comprehensive income															
(loss), net of income taxes		-		-		-	-		(27,719)		-		(1,041)		(28,760)
Purchase of treasury stock		-		-		-	-		-		(1,931)		-		(1,931)
Share-based compensation		-		1,051		-	-		-		-		-		1,051
Issuance of vested award															
shares				(2,390)		<u>-</u>	11		<u> </u>		1,814				(565)
Balance, end of period	\$	230	\$	96,827	\$	(1,184)	\$ 223,217	\$	(22,482)	\$	(26,569)	\$	2,572	\$	272,611

NI Holdings, Inc. Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (dollar amounts in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021													
					U	nearned		Α	ccumulated					
					E	mployee			Other					
						Stock		Co	mprehensive					
			A	dditional	0	wnership		In	come (Loss),			Non-		Total
	Co	ommon]	Paid-in		Plan	Retained		Net of	Treasury	Co	ntrolling	Sh	areholders'
		Stock	_(Capital		Shares	Earnings	ngs Income Taxes		Stock	I	nterest		Equity
Balance, beginning of period	\$	230	\$	96,511	\$	(1,427)	\$ 268,444	\$	7,417	\$ (23,012)	\$	4,427	\$	352,590
Net income (loss)		-		-		-	(2,644)		-	-		(90)		(2,734)
Other comprehensive income														
(loss), net of income taxes		-		-		-	-		2,139	-		101		2,240
Purchase of treasury stock		-		-		-	-		-	(1,671)		-		(1,671)
Share-based compensation		-		516		-	-		-	-		-		516
Issuance of vested award														
shares		<u>-</u>		(298)		-	16		_	280		<u>-</u>		(2)
Balance, end of period	\$	230	\$	96,729	\$	(1,427)	\$ 265,816	\$	9,556	\$ (24,403)	\$	4,438	\$	350,939

				S	Six Months	Ended June	30, 2	021					
				U	nearned		Α	ccumulated					
				E	imployee			Other					
					Stock			mprehensive					
	_		dditional	O	wnership		In	come (Loss),	_	_	Non-		Total
	_	ommon Stock	Paid-in Capital		Plan Shares	Retained Earnings	In	Net of come Taxes	1	Treasury Stock	ntrolling nterest	Sh	nareholders' Equity
Balance, beginning of period	\$	230	\$ 97,911	\$	(1,427)	\$ 258,741	\$	12,840	\$	(23,968)	\$ 4,545	\$	348,872
Net income (loss)		-	-		-	7,025		-		-	23		7,048
Other comprehensive income													
(loss), net of income taxes		-	-		-	-		(3,284)		-	(130)		(3,414)
Purchase of treasury stock		-	-		-	-		-		(2,267)	-		(2,267)
Share-based compensation		-	1,188		-	-		-		-	-		1,188
Issuance of vested award													
shares		_	(2,370)		<u>-</u>	50		<u> </u>		1,832	 <u>-</u>		(488)
Balance, end of period	\$	230	\$ 96,729	\$	(1,427)	\$ 265,816	\$	9,556	\$	(24,403)	\$ 4,438	\$	350,939

NI Holdings, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (dollar amounts in thousands)

	Six Months E	nded June 30,
	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (44,597)	\$ 7,048
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	10.004	/10 = 10
Net investment losses (gains)	16,664	(10,512
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	(6,069)	197
Depreciation of property and equipment	344	341
Amortization of intangibles	236	236
Share-based compensation	1,051	1,188
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	31,867	33,473
Deferral of policy acquisition costs	(37,837)	(39,162
Net amortization of premiums and discounts on investments	885	1,024
Loss (gain) on sale of property and equipment	(186)	4
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Premiums and agents' balances receivable	(56,884)	(35,940
Reinsurance premiums receivable / payable	587	2,739
Reinsurance recoverables on losses	4,159	(15,864
Accrued investment income	(27)	(335
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation receivable / payable	2,140	(10,545
Income tax recoverable / payable	(8,111)	(3,303
Other assets	(2,401)	(3,120
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	43,214	46,590
Unearned premiums	45,936	42,229
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	22,676	5,420
Net cash flows from operating activities	13,647	21,708
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from maturities and sales of fixed income securities	31,846	35,483
Proceeds from sales of equity securities	7,837	17,247
Purchases of fixed income securities	(41,461)	(89,729
Purchases of equity securities	(10,171)	(15,559
Purchases of property and equipment	(126)	(417
Proceeds from sale of other investments and other	(123)	835
Net cash flows from investing activities	(12,075)	(52,140
Net cash flows from filvesting activities		(32,140
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Purchases of treasury stock	(1,931)	(2,267
Installment payment on Westminster consideration payable	(6,667)	(6,667
Issuance of restricted stock awards	(565)	(488
Net cash flows from financing activities	(9,163)	(9,422
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(7,591)	(39,854
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	70,623	101,077
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 63,032	\$ 61,223
Federal and state income taxes paid	\$ 2,360	\$ 5,435
•		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.		

1. Organization

NI Holdings is a North Dakota business corporation that is the stock holding company of Nodak Insurance and became such in connection with the conversion of Nodak Mutual Insurance Company from a mutual to stock form of organization and the creation of a mutual holding company. The conversion was consummated on March 13, 2017. Immediately following the conversion, all of the outstanding shares of common stock of Nodak Insurance were issued to Nodak Mutual Group, which then contributed the shares to NI Holdings in exchange for 55% of the outstanding shares of common stock of NI Holdings. Nodak Insurance then became a wholly-owned stock subsidiary of NI Holdings. Prior to completion of the conversion, NI Holdings conducted no business and had no assets or liabilities. As a result of the conversion, NI Holdings became the holding company for Nodak Insurance and its existing subsidiaries.

These Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements include the financial position and results of NI Holdings and seven other entities:

Nodak Insurance Company

Nodak Insurance is the largest domestic property and casualty insurance company in North Dakota, offering private passenger auto, homeowners, farmowners, commercial multi-peril, crop hail, and Federal multi-peril crop insurance coverages through its captive agents in the state.

Nodak Agency, Inc.

Nodak Agency is an inactive shell corporation.

American West Insurance Company

American West is a property and casualty insurance company licensed in eight states in the Midwest and Western regions of the United States. American West began writing policies in 2002 and primarily writes personal auto, homeowners, and farm coverages in South Dakota. American West also writes personal auto coverage in North Dakota, as well as crop hail and Federal multi-peril crop insurance coverages in Minnesota and South Dakota.

Primero Insurance Company

Primero is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tri-State, Ltd. Tri-State, Ltd. is an inactive shell corporation 100% owned by Nodak Insurance. Primero is a property and casualty insurance company writing non-standard automobile coverage in the states of Nevada, Arizona, North Dakota, and South Dakota.

Battle Creek Mutual Insurance Company

Battle Creek is a property and casualty insurance company writing personal auto, homeowners, and farm coverages solely in the state of Nebraska. Battle Creek became affiliated with Nodak Insurance in 2011, and Nodak Insurance provides underwriting, claims management, policy administration, and other administrative services to Battle Creek. Because we have concluded that we control Battle Creek, we consolidate the financial statements of Battle Creek, and Battle Creek's policyholders' interest in Battle Creek is reflected as a non-controlling interest in shareholders' equity in our Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets and its net income or loss is excluded from net income or loss attributed to NI Holdings in our Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Direct Auto Insurance Company

Direct Auto is a property and casualty insurance company licensed in Illinois. Direct Auto began writing non-standard automobile coverage in 2007, and was acquired by NI Holdings on August 31, 2018, via a stock purchase agreement.

Westminster American Insurance Company

Westminster is a property and casualty insurance company licensed in seventeen states and the District of Columbia. Westminster underwrites commercial multi-peril insurance in the states of Delaware, Georgia, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, and the District of Columbia. Westminster was acquired by NI Holdings on January 1, 2020, via a stock purchase agreement.

Nodak Insurance markets and distributes its policies through its captive agents, while all other companies utilize the independent agent distribution channel. Additionally, all of the Company's insurance subsidiary and affiliate companies are rated "A" Excellent by A.M. Best Company, Inc. ("AM Best").

The same executive management team provides oversight and strategic direction for the entire organization. Nodak Insurance provides common product oversight, pricing practices, and underwriting standards, as well as underwriting and claims administration, to itself, American West, and Battle Creek. Primero, Direct Auto, and Westminster personnel manage the day-to-day operations of their respective companies.

2. Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X and are unaudited. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2021 Annual Report.

The Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2021, has been derived from the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements.

The preparation of the interim Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenues, claims, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Operating results for the interim period ended June 30, 2022, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Our 2021 Annual Report describes the accounting policies and estimates that are critical to the understanding of our results of operations, financial condition, and liquidity. The accounting policies and estimation processes described in the 2021 Annual Report were consistently applied to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

As an emerging growth company ("EGC"), we have elected to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards from the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. The following discussion includes effective dates for both public business entities and EGCs, as well as whether specific guidance may be adopted early.

Not Yet Adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued new guidance that requires lessees to recognize leases, including operating leases, on the lessee's Consolidated Balance Sheet, unless a lease is considered a short-term lease. The new guidance also requires entities to make new judgments to identify leases. In July 2018, the FASB issued additional guidance to allow an optional transition method. An entity may apply the new leases guidance at the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements, or at the adoption date and recognize a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption.

The new guidance was effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, for public business entities. For private companies and EGCs, this guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. We will adopt this guidance in the fourth quarter of the year ended December 31, 2022, as we will lose our EGC status beginning December 31, 2022. We do not expect the adoption of this new guidance to have a significant impact on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. Upon adoption, the Company will recognize a right of use asset and operating lease liability on its Consolidated Balance Sheet. The cumulative adjustment to retained earnings is not expected to be significant.

In June 2016, the FASB issued a new standard that requires timelier recording of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments held by financial institutions and other organizations. The guidance requires the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The guidance also requires financial institutions and other organizations to use forward-looking information to better form their credit loss estimates. Many of the loss estimation techniques applied prior to adoption of this standard are still permitted, although the inputs to those techniques have changed to reflect the full amount of expected credit losses. Organizations are to continue to use judgment to determine which loss estimation method is appropriate for their circumstances. Additionally, the guidance requires enhanced disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand significant estimates and judgments used in estimating credit losses, as well as the credit quality and underwriting standards of an organization's portfolio. These disclosures include qualitative and quantitative requirements that provide additional information about the amounts recorded in the financial statements. Finally, the guidance amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale fixed income securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. The guidance was effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019, for filers with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") excluding smaller reporting companies, and EGCs that did not relinquish private company relief. For all other entities, this guidance will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2022, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We will adopt this guidance in the fourth quarter of the year ended December 31, 2022,

In December 2019, the FASB issued amended guidance to simplify the accounting for income taxes. The amended guidance was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within those fiscal years, for public business entities. For private companies and EGCs, the amended guidance will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. We will adopt this guidance in the fourth quarter of the year ended December 31, 2022, as we will lose our EGC status beginning December 31, 2022. Based on our evaluation, adoption of this new standard will not have a significant impact on our financial position, results of operations, and cash flows.

3. Investments

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of fixed income securities as of June 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, were as follows:

	June 30, 2022										
		Cost or mortized Cost	Ur	Gross realized Gains	τ	Gross Inrealized Losses	Fa	nir Value			
Fixed income securities:											
U.S. Government and agencies	\$	13,017	\$	26	\$	(649)	\$	12,394			
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		65,836		113		(5,177)		60,772			
Corporate securities		158,812		46		(13,080)		145,778			
Residential mortgage-backed securities		43,868		1		(4,043)		39,826			
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		34,498		8		(3,306)		31,200			
Asset-backed securities		45,831		3		(3,765)		42,069			
Redeemable preferred stocks		4,746		-		(686)		4,060			
Total fixed income securities	\$	366,608	\$	197	\$	(30,706)	\$	336,099			

			December	31, 2	021		
	Cost or mortized Cost	Uı	Gross realized Gains	U	Gross nrealized Losses	Fa	nir Value
Fixed income securities:							
U.S. Government and agencies	\$ 13,118	\$	467	\$	(87)	\$	13,498
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	84,668		2,979		(353)		87,294
Corporate securities	144,476		4,214		(1,069)		147,621
Residential mortgage-backed securities	26,190		266		(300)		26,156
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	32,878		815		(161)		33,532
Asset-backed securities	52,604		131		(313)		52,422
Redeemable preferred stocks	4,008		136		(16)		4,128
Total fixed income securities	\$ 357,942	\$	9,008	\$	(2,299)	\$	364,651

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of fixed income securities by contractual maturity are shown below. Actual maturities could differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay these securities.

		June 3	0, 2022	
	Amo	rtized Cost		Fair Value
Due to mature:				
One year or less	\$	17,381	\$	17,373
After one year through five years		96,141		92,562
After five years through ten years		80,132		71,557
After ten years		44,011		37,452
Mortgage / asset-backed securities		124,197		113,095
Redeemable preferred stocks		4,746		4,060
Total fixed income securities	\$	366,608	\$	336,099

	December	¹ 31, 202	1
Amor	tized Cost	Fa	air Value
\$	14,457	\$	14,586
	82,429		84,760
	82,270		84,173
	63,106		64,894
	111,672		112,110
	4,008		4,128
\$	357,942	\$	364,651
		\$ 14,457 82,429 82,270 63,106 111,672 4,008	\$ 14,457 \$ 82,429 82,270 63,106 111,672 4,008

Fixed income securities with a fair value of \$6,773 at June 30, 2022, and \$7,977 at December 31, 2021, were deposited with various state regulatory agencies as required by law. The Company has not pledged any assets to secure any obligations.

The investment category and duration of the Company's gross unrealized losses on fixed income securities are shown below. Investments with unrealized losses are categorized with a duration of greater than 12 months when all positions of a security have continually been in a loss position for at least 12 months.

				June 30	, 202	22				
	 Less than	12 N	Months	Greater tha	months	Total				
	Fair Unrealized		Fair	Unrealized		Fair		U	nrealized	
	Value	Losses		Value		Losses		Value		Losses
Fixed income securities:						_				
U.S. Government and agencies	\$ 9,143	\$	(305)	\$ 2,350	\$	(344)	\$	11,493	\$	(649)
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	45,078		(4,532)	3,032		(645)		48,110		(5,177)
Corporate securities	113,527		(9,597)	19,931		(3,483)		133,458		(13,080)
Residential mortgage-backed securities	34,949		(3,266)	4,616		(777)		39,565		(4,043)
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	29,073		(3,259)	824		(47)		29,897		(3,306)
Asset-backed securities	37,725		(3,437)	3,500		(328)		41,225		(3,765)
Redeemable preferred stocks	4,060		(686)	-		-		4,060		(686)
Total fixed income securities	\$ 273,555	\$	(25,082)	\$ 34,253	\$	(5,624)	\$	307,808	\$	(30,706)

					December	31, 2	2021																								
	 Less than	12 N	Ionths		Greater than	12 ı	months		Total																						
	Fair Un		Inrealized		Fair Unre		Fair		Fair		Fair		Fair		Fair		Fair		Unrealized		Fair	Ur	realized								
	Value	Losses			Value	e Losses		Value]	Losses																				
Fixed income securities:																															
U.S. Government and agencies	\$ 3,125	\$	(87)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,125	\$	(87)																				
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	19,769		(350)		222		(3)		19,991		(353)																				
Corporate securities	46,816		(1,015)		1,895		(54)		48,711		(1,069)																				
Residential mortgage-backed securities	17,407		(261)		1,434		(39)		18,841		(300)																				
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	11,287		(160)		216		(1)		11,503		(161)																				
Asset-backed securities	28,797		(308)		995		(5)		29,792		(313)																				
Redeemable preferred stocks	 1,493		(16)		_		-		1,493		(16)																				
Total fixed income securities	\$ 128,694	\$	(2,197)	\$	4,762	\$	(102)	\$	133,456	\$	(2,299)																				

We frequently review our investment portfolio for declines in fair value. Our process for identifying declines in the fair value of investments that are other-than-temporary involves consideration of several factors. These factors include (i) the time period in which there has been a significant decline in value, (ii) an analysis of the liquidity, business prospects, and overall financial condition of the issuer, (iii) the significance of the decline, and (iv) our intent and ability to hold the investment for a sufficient period of time for the value to recover. When our analysis of the above factors results in the conclusion that declines in fair values are other than temporary, the credit loss component of the impairment is reflected in net income (loss) as a realized loss on investment if the Company does not intend to sell the security, and the remaining portion of the other-than-temporary loss is recognized in other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes. If the Company intends to sell the security, or determines that it is more likely than not that it will be required to sell the security prior to recovering its cost or amortized cost basis less any current-period credit losses, the full amount of the other-than-temporary loss is recognized in net income (loss). The Company did not record any other-than-temporary impairments during the three- or six-month periods ending June 30, 2022, or the year ended December 31, 2021.

Net investment income consisted of the following:

	Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2022		2021		2022		2021	
Fixed income securities	\$ 2,406	\$	2,112	\$	4,567	\$	4,123	
Equity securities	395		280		724		545	
Real estate	75		157		241		313	
Cash and cash equivalents	10		1		12		2	
Total gross investment income	2,886		2,550		5,544		4,983	
Investment expenses	871		840		1,876		1,737	
Net investment income	\$ 2,015	\$	1,710	\$	3,668	\$	3,246	

Net investment gains (losses) consisted of the following:

	Tl	hree Months	End	led June 30,	 Six Months E	Ended June 30,		
		2022		2021	2022		2021	
Gross realized gains:								
Fixed income securities	\$	5	\$	331	\$ 51	\$	440	
Equity securities		1,196		2,605	2,269		6,521	
Total gross realized gains		1,201		2,936	2,320		6,961	
Gross realized losses, excluding other-than-temporary impairment losses:								
Fixed income securities		(110)		(6)	(113)		(14)	
Equity securities		(64)		(55)	(242)		(170)	
Total gross realized losses, excluding other-than-temporary		_					_	
impairment losses		(174)		(61)	(355)		(184)	
Net realized gains		1,027		2,875	1,965		6,777	
Change in net unrealized gain on equity securities		(12,163)		1,826	 (18,629)		3,735	
Net investment gains (losses)	\$	(11,136)	\$	4,701	\$ (16,664)	\$	10,512	
	14							

4. Fair Value Measurements

The Company uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and to determine fair value disclosures. Investment securities available for sale are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Additionally, from time to time, we may be required to record other assets or liabilities at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These nonrecurring fair value adjustments typically involve application of lower-of-cost-or-market accounting or write-downs of individual assets. Accounting guidance on fair value measurements and disclosures establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation methods used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level I: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level II: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level II includes fixed income securities with quoted prices that are traded less frequently than exchange traded instruments. Valuation techniques include matrix pricing which is a mathematical technique used widely in the industry to value fixed income securities without relying exclusively on quoted market prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on

the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted prices.

Level III: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (i.e., supported with little or no market activity).

The Company bases its fair values on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It is our policy to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when developing fair value measurements, in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. Fair value measurements for assets where there exists limited or no observable market data and, therefore, are based primarily upon the estimates of the Company or other third-parties, are often calculated based on the characteristics of the asset, the economic and competitive environment, and other such factors. Management uses its best judgment in estimating the fair value of the Company's financial instruments; however, there are inherent weaknesses in any estimation technique. Therefore, for substantially all financial instruments, the fair value estimates herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts which could have been realized in a sale transaction on the dates indicated. The estimated fair value amounts have been measured as of their respective period-end and have not been re-evaluated or updated for purposes of our financial statements subsequent to those respective dates. As such, the estimated fair values of these financial instruments subsequent to the respective reporting dates may be different than the amounts reported at each period-end. Additionally, changes in the underlying assumptions used, including discount rates and estimates of future cash flows, could significantly affect the results of current or future valuations.

The Company uses quoted values and other data provided by an independent pricing service in its process for determining fair values of its investments. The evaluations of such pricing services represent an exit price and a good faith opinion as to what a buyer in the marketplace would pay for a security in a current sale. This independent pricing service provides us with one quote per instrument. For fixed income securities that have quoted prices in active markets, market quotations are provided. For fixed income securities that do not trade on a daily basis, the independent pricing service prepares estimates of fair value using a wide array of observable inputs including relevant market information, benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings, and matrix pricing. The observable market inputs that the Company's independent pricing service utilizes may include (listed in order of priority for use) benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, market bids/offers, and other reference data on markets, industry, and the economy. Additionally, the independent pricing service uses an option-adjusted spread model to develop prepayment and interest rate scenarios. The independent pricing service did not use broker quotes in determining any fair values of the Company's investments at June 30, 2022, or December 31, 2021.

Should the independent pricing service be unable to provide a fair value estimate, we would attempt to obtain a non-binding fair value estimate from a number of broker-dealers and would review this estimate in conjunction with a fair value estimate reported by an independent business news service or other sources. In instances where only one broker-dealer provides a fair value for a fixed income security, we would use that estimate. In instances where we would be able to obtain fair value estimates from more than one broker-dealer, we would review the range of estimates and select the most appropriate value based on the facts and circumstances. Should neither the independent pricing service nor a broker-dealer provide a fair value estimate, we would develop a fair value estimate based on cash flow analyses and other valuation techniques that utilize certain unobservable inputs. Accordingly, the Company classifies such a security as a Level III investment.

The fair value estimates of the Company's investments provided by the independent pricing service at each period-end were utilized, among other resources, in reaching a conclusion as to the fair value of its investments.

Management reviews the reasonableness of the pricing provided by the independent pricing service by employing various analytical procedures. Management reviews all securities to identify recent downgrades, significant changes in pricing, and pricing anomalies on individual securities relative to other similar securities. This will include looking for relative consistency across securities in common sectors, durations, and credit ratings. This review will also include all fixed income securities rated lower than "A" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC. If, after this review, management does not believe the pricing for any security is a reasonable estimate of fair value, then it will seek to resolve the discrepancy through discussions with the pricing service. In its review, management did not identify any such discrepancies and no adjustments were made to the estimates provided by the pricing service for the six-month period ended June 30, 2022, or the year ended December 31, 2021. The classification within the fair value hierarchy is then confirmed based on the final conclusions from the pricing review.

The valuation of cash equivalents and equity securities are generally based on Level I inputs, which use the market-approach valuation technique. The valuation of our fixed income securities generally incorporates significant Level II inputs using the market and income approach techniques. We may assign a lower level to inputs typically considered to be Level II based on our assessment of liquidity and relative level of uncertainty surrounding inputs. There were no assets or liabilities classified at Level III at June 30, 2022, or December 31, 2021.

The following tables set forth our assets which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis by the level within the fair value hierarchy in which fair value measurements fall:

			June 30), 20	22	
		Total	Level I		Level II	Level III
Fixed income securities:						
U.S. Government and agencies	\$	12,394	\$ -	\$	12,394	\$ -
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		60,772	-		60,772	-
Corporate securities		145,778	-		145,778	-
Residential mortgage-backed securities		39,826	-		39,826	-
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		31,200	-		31,200	-
Asset-backed securities		42,069	-		42,069	-
Redeemable preferred stock		4,060	-		4,060	-
Total fixed income securities		336,099			336,099	-
Equity securities:						
Common stock		61,573	61,573		-	-
Non-redeemable preferred stock		1,849	1,849		-	-
Total equity securities		63,422	63,422			
Cash equivalents		35,142	35,142		-	-
Total assets at fair value	\$	434,663	\$ 98,564	\$	336,099	\$ -
	16					

December 31, 2021 Total Level III Level I Level II Fixed income securities: \$ U.S. Government and agencies 13,498 \$ \$ 13,498 \$ Obligations of states and political subdivisions 87,294 87,294 Corporate securities 147,621 147,621 Residential mortgage-backed securities 26,156 26,156 Commercial mortgage-backed securities 33,532 33,532 Asset-backed securities 52,422 52,422 Redeemable preferred stock 4,128 4,128 364,651 364,651 Total fixed income securities Equity securities: 75,143 75,143 Common Stock 2,547 2,547 Non-redeemable preferred stock 77,690 77,690 Total equity securities 45,741 45,741 Cash equivalents 488,082 123,431 364,651 Total assets at fair value

There were no liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2022, or December 31, 2021.

5. Reinsurance

The Company cedes and assumes certain premiums and losses to and from various companies and associations under a variety of reinsurance agreements. The Company seeks to limit the maximum net loss that can arise from large risks or risks in concentrated areas of exposure through use of these agreements, either on an automatic basis under general reinsurance contracts known as treaties or through facultative contracts on substantial individual risks. Reinsurance contracts do not relieve the Company from its obligation to policyholders.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2022, the Company retained the first \$15,000 of weather-related losses from catastrophic events and had reinsurance under various reinsurance agreements up to \$125,000 in excess of its \$15,000 retained risk. The Company experienced multiple severe weather events during the second quarter of 2022 with none of these events exceeding the retention level during the current quarter.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company retained the first \$10,000 of weather-related losses from catastrophic events and had reinsurance under various reinsurance agreements up to \$117,000 in excess of its \$10,000 retained risk. The Company experienced one catastrophe event during the second quarter of 2021 in excess of the retention level.

The Company actively monitors and evaluates the financial condition of the reinsurers and develops estimates of the uncollectible amounts due from reinsurers. Such estimates are made based on periodic evaluation of balances due from reinsurers, judgments regarding reinsurers' solvency, known disputes, reporting characteristics of the underlying reinsured business, historical experience, current economic conditions, and the state of reinsurer relations in general. Collection risk is mitigated from reinsurers by entering into reinsurance arrangements only with reinsurers that have strong credit ratings and statutory surplus above certain levels. The Company's reinsurance recoverables on paid and unpaid losses were due from reinsurance companies with AM Best ratings of "A" or higher.

A reconciliation of direct to net premiums on both a written and an earned basis is as follows:

	T	hree Months En	ded June	e 30, 2022		Six Months Ended June 30, 2022					
	Prem	iums Written	Pren	niums Earned	Prem	iums Written	Pren	niums Earned			
Direct premium	\$	144,962	\$	94,251	\$	220,495	\$	167,650			
Assumed premium		3,226		1,691		5,087		3,552			
Ceded premium		(20,175)		(11,446)		(25,835)		(17,119)			
Net premiums	\$	128,013	\$	84,496	\$	199,747	\$	154,083			

	Tl	ree Months En	ded Jun	e 30, 2021		Six Months Ended June 30, 2021					
	Premi	ums Written	Pren	niums Earned	Pren	niums Written	Pr	emiums Earned			
Direct premium	\$	125,552	\$	87,059	\$	197,972	\$	155,802			
Assumed premium		3,576		3,516		5,026		4,964			
Ceded premium		(26,203)		(14,294)		(33,317)		(21,350)			
Net premiums	\$	102,925	\$	76,281	\$	169,681	\$	139,416			

A reconciliation of direct to net losses and loss adjustment expenses is as follows:

	Three Months I	Ende	ed June 30,	Six Months E	nded	l June 30,
	 2022		2021	 2022		2021
Direct losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 110,670	\$	76,599	\$ 156,165	\$	114,177
Assumed losses and loss adjustment expenses	1,535		1,960	1,545		2,908
Ceded losses and loss adjustment expenses	(3,610)		(15,641)	(8,986)		(17,278)
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 108,595	\$	62,918	\$ 148,724	\$	99,807

If 100% of our ceded reinsurance was cancelled as of June 30, 2022, or December 31, 2021, no ceded commissions would need to be returned to the reinsurers. Reinsurance contracts are typically effective from January 1 through December 31 each year.

6. Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs

Expenses directly related to successfully acquired insurance policies, primarily commissions, premium taxes and underwriting costs, are deferred and amortized over the terms of the policies. We update our acquisition cost assumptions periodically to reflect actual experience, and we evaluate the costs for recoverability. The table below shows the deferred policy acquisition costs and asset reconciliation:

	7	Three Months	d June 30,		June 30,			
		2022		2021		2021		
Balance, beginning of period	\$	26,272	\$	26,575	\$	24,947	\$	23,968
Deferral of policy acquisition costs		20,889		22,968		37,837		39,162
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs		(16,244)		(19,886)		(31,867)		(33,473)
Balance, end of period	\$	30,917	\$	29,657	\$	30,917	\$	29,657
•								

7. Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

Activity in the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses is summarized as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2022	2021		
Balance, beginning of period:	 			
Liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 139,662	\$	105,750	
Reinsurance recoverables on losses	 21,200		8,710	
Net balance, beginning of period	 118,462		97,040	
Incurred related to:				
Current year	157,214		102,004	
Prior years	 (8,490)		(2,197)	
Total incurred	 148,724		99,807	
Paid related to:				
Current year	59,634		40,664	
Prior years	 41,717		28,417	
Total paid	 101,351		69,081	
Balance, end of period:				
Liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	182,876		152,340	
Reinsurance recoverables on losses	 17,041		24,574	
Net balance, end of period	\$ 165,835	\$	127,766	

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company's reported incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses included \$8,490 of net favorable development on prior accident years, primarily attributable to Direct Auto, Battle Creek, and American West. During the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company's incurred reported losses and loss adjustment expenses included \$2,197 of net favorable development on prior accident years, primarily attributable to Nodak Insurance, Direct Auto, and American West.

Increases and decreases are generally the result of ongoing analysis of loss development trends. As additional information becomes known regarding individual claims, original estimates are increased or decreased accordingly.

8. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

	June 3	30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Estimated Useful Life
Cost:				
Land	\$	1,403	\$ 1,403	indefinite
Building and improvements		13,952	14,193	10–40 years
Electronic data processing equipment		1,554	1,518	5–7 years
Furniture and fixtures		2,321	2,885	5–7 years
Automobiles		1,195	1,228	2–3 years
Gross cost		20,425	21,227	
Accumulated depreciation		(10,588)	(11,358)	
Total property and equipment, net	\$	9,837	\$ 9,869	

Depreciation expense was \$176 and \$171 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$344 and \$341 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

9. Goodwill and Other Intangibles

Goodwill

The following table presents the carrying amount of the Company's goodwill by segment:

	June	30, 2022	Deceml	oer 31, 2021
Non-standard auto from acquisition of Primero	\$	2,628	\$	2,628
Commercial from acquisition of Westminster		6,756		6,756
Total	\$	9,384	\$	9,384

Other Intangible Assets

The following table presents the carrying amount of the Company's other intangible assets:

June 30, 2022		Carrying nount	 umulated ortization	Net
Subject to amortization:				
Trade names	\$	748	\$ 315	\$ 433
Distribution network		6,700	931	5,769
Total subject to amortization	·	7,448	1,246	6,202
Not subject to amortization :				
State insurance license		1,900	<u>-</u>	 1,900
Total	\$	9,348	\$ 1,246	\$ 8,102

December 31, 2021		Gross Carrying Amount		υ Ο		υ Ο		<i>v</i> 3				Net
Subject to amortization:			<u> </u>		<u> </u>							
Trade names	\$	748	\$	265	\$	483						
Distribution network		6,700		745		5,955						
Total subject to amortization	'	7,448		1,010		6,438						
Not subject to amortization:												
State insurance license		1,900		<u>-</u>		1,900						
Total	\$	9,348	\$	1,010	\$	8,338						

Amortization expense was \$118 and \$118 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$236 and \$236 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Other intangible assets that have finite lives, including trade names and distribution networks, are amortized over their useful lives. As of June 30, 2022, the estimated amortization of other intangible assets with finite lives for the next five years and thereafter is as follows:

Year ending December 31,	Am	ount
2022 (six months remaining)	\$	236
2023		455
2024		422
2025		422
2026		422
Thereafter		4,245
Total other intangible assets with finite lives	\$	6,202

10. Related Party Transactions

Intercompany Reinsurance Pooling Arrangement

Effective January 1, 2020, all of our insurance subsidiary and affiliate companies entered into an intercompany reinsurance pooling agreement. This agreement was finalized, approved, and implemented during the fourth quarter of 2020, retroactive to the January 1 effective date. Nodak Insurance is the lead company of the pool, and assumes the net premiums, net losses, and underwriting expenses from each of the other five companies. Nodak Insurance then retrocedes balances back to each company, while retaining its own share of the pool's net underwriting results, based on individual pool percentages established in the respective pooling agreement. This arrangement allows each insurance company to rely upon the capacity of the pool's total statutory capital and surplus. As a result, they are evaluated by AM Best on a group basis and hold a single combined financial strength rating, long-term issuer credit rating, and financial size category.

In connection with the pooling agreement, the quota share agreement between Battle Creek and Nodak Insurance was cancelled. As a result, the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations are impacted by the portion of Battle Creek's underwriting results that are allocated to the policyholders of Battle Creek rather than the shareholders of NI Holdings. For the six months ended June 30, 2022, and the year ended December 31, 2021, the pooling share percentages by insurance company were:

	Pool Percentage
Nodak Insurance Company	66.0%
American West Insurance Company	7.0%
Primero Insurance Company	3.0%
Battle Creek Mutual Insurance Company	2.0%
Direct Auto Insurance Company	13.0%
Westminster American Insurance Company	9.0%
Total	100.0%

North Dakota Farm Bureau

We were organized by the North Dakota Farm Bureau ("NDFB") to provide insurance protection for its members. We have a royalty agreement with the NDFB that recognizes the use of their trademark and provides royalties to the NDFB based on the premiums written on Nodak Insurance's policies. Royalties paid to the NDFB were \$405 and \$395 during the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$744 and \$732 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Royalty amounts payable of \$151 and \$144 were accrued as a liability to the NDFB at June 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, respectively.

Dividends

State insurance laws require our insurance subsidiaries to maintain certain minimum capital and surplus amounts on a statutory basis. Our insurance subsidiaries are subject to regulations that restrict the payment of dividends from statutory surplus and may require prior approval from their domiciliary insurance regulatory authorities. Our insurance subsidiaries are also subject to risk-based capital ("RBC") requirements that may further affect their ability to pay dividends. Our insurance subsidiaries statutory capital and surplus at December 31, 2021, exceeded the amount of statutory capital and surplus necessary to satisfy regulatory requirements, including the RBC requirements, by a significant margin.

The amount available for payment of dividends from Nodak Insurance to NI Holdings during 2022 without the prior approval of the North Dakota Insurance Department is \$21,493 based upon the surplus of Nodak Insurance at December 31, 2021. Prior to its payment of any dividend, Nodak Insurance will be required to provide notice of the dividend to the North Dakota Insurance Department. This notice must be provided to the North Dakota Insurance Department 30 days prior to the payment of an extraordinary dividend and 10 days prior to the payment of an ordinary dividend. The North Dakota Insurance Department has the power to limit or prohibit dividend payments if Nodak Insurance is in violation of any law or regulation. These restrictions or any subsequently imposed restrictions may affect our future liquidity. No dividends were declared or paid by Nodak Insurance during the six months ended June 30, 2022, or the year ended December 31, 2021.

Direct Auto was re-domesticated from Illinois to North Dakota during 2021, and is now subject to the same dividend restrictions as Nodak Insurance. The amount available for payment of dividends from Direct Auto to NI Holdings during 2022 without the prior approval of the North Dakota Insurance Department is \$3,796 based upon the surplus of Direct Auto at December 31, 2021. No dividends were declared or paid by Direct Auto during the six months ended June 30, 2022, or the year ended December 31, 2021.

Westminster was re-domesticated from Maryland to North Dakota during 2021, and is now subject to the same dividend restrictions as Nodak Insurance. The amount available for payment of dividends from Westminster to NI Holdings during 2022 without the prior approval of the North Dakota Insurance Department is \$2,471 based upon the surplus of Westminster at December 31, 2021. No dividends were declared or paid by Westminster during the six months ended June 30, 2022, or the year ended December 31, 2021.

Battle Creek Mutual Insurance Company

The following tables illustrates the impact of including Battle Creek in our Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets and Statements of Operations prior to intercompany eliminations:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents \$	1,360	\$ 4,398
Investments	11,618	10,610
Premiums and agents' balances receivable	5,799	5,038
Deferred policy acquisition costs	618	499
Reinsurance recoverables on losses (2)	3,121	10,173
Accrued investment income	57	51
Property and equipment	325	325
Pooling receivable (1)	6,900	-
Deferred income taxes	623	142
Other assets	58	52
Total assets	30,479	\$ 31,288
Liabilities:		
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses \$	3,941	\$ 2,937
Unearned premiums	3,458	2,544
Notes payable (1)	3,000	3,000
Pooling payable (1)	-	5,580
Reinsurance losses payable ⁽²⁾	10,718	12,754
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,790	264
Total liabilities	27,907	27,079
Equity:		
Non-controlling interest	2,572	4,209
Total equity	2,572	4,209
Total liabilities and equity	30,479	\$ 31,288

- (1) Amount fully eliminated in consolidation.
- (2) Amount partially eliminated in consolidation.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					nths Ended ine 30,		
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Revenues:								
Net premiums earned	\$	1,690	\$	1,832	\$	3,082	\$	3,095
Fee and other income (expenses)		(2)		1		(7)		(2)
Net investment income		27		15		40		23
Total revenues		1,715		1,848		3,115		3,116
		_						
Expenses:								
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		2,171		1,531		2,974		2,269
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs		325		397		637		669
Other underwriting and general expenses		157		31		274		147
Total expenses		2,653		1,959		3,885		3,085
								_
Income (loss) before income taxes		(938)		(111)		(770)		31
Income tax expense (benefit)		(212)		(21)		(174)		8
Net income (loss)	\$	(726)	\$	(90)	\$	(596)	\$	23

11. Benefit Plans

Nodak Insurance sponsors a 401(k) plan with an automatic and matching contribution for eligible employees at Nodak Insurance, Primero, and Direct Auto. Westminster also sponsors a separate 401(k) plan. The Company reported expenses related to the 401(k) plans totaling \$242 and \$270 during the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$432 and \$539 during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Nodak Insurance also contributes an additional elective amount of employee compensation as a profit-sharing contribution for eligible employees that is invested in a portfolio of investments directed by the Company. The reported expenses related to this profit-sharing contribution were \$187 and \$175 during the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$335 and \$347 during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

All fees associated with the plans are deducted from the eligible employee accounts.

The Company also offers a non-qualified deferred compensation plan to key executives of the Company (as designated by the Board of Directors). The Company's policy is to fund the plan by amounts that represent the excess of the maximum contribution allowed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA") over the key executives' allowable 401(k) contribution. The plan also allows employee-directed deferral of key executive's compensation or incentive payments. The Company reported expenses related to this plan totaling \$23 and \$149 during the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$127 and \$567 during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

In connection with our initial public offering ("IPO") in March 2017, the Company established an Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the "ESOP"). The ESOP is intended to be an employee stock ownership plan within the meaning of Internal Revenue Code Section 4975(e)(7) and invests solely in common stock of the Company.

Upon establishment of the plan, Nodak Insurance loaned \$2,400 to the ESOP's related trust (the "ESOP Trust"). The ESOP loan was for a period of ten years, bearing interest at the long-term Applicable Federal Rate effective on the closing date of the offering (2.79% annually). The ESOP Trust used the proceeds of the loan to purchase shares in our IPO, which resulted in the ESOP Trust owning approximately 1.0% of the Company's authorized shares. The ESOP has purchased the shares for investment and not for resale.

The shares purchased by the ESOP Trust in the offering are held in a suspense account as collateral for the ESOP loan. Nodak Insurance makes semiannual cash contributions to the ESOP in amounts no smaller than the amounts required for the ESOP Trust to make its loan payments to Nodak Insurance.
While the ESOP makes two loan payments per year, a pre-determined portion of the shares are released from the suspense account and allocated to
participant accounts at the end of the calendar year. This release and allocation occurs on an annual basis over the ten-year term of the ESOP loan. Nodak
Insurance has a lien on the shares of common stock of the Company held by the ESOP to secure repayment of the loan from the ESOP to Nodak Insurance.
If the ESOP is terminated as a result of a change in control of the Company, the ESOP may be required to pay the costs of terminating the plan.

It is anticipated that the only assets held by the ESOP will be shares of the Company's common stock. Participants in the ESOP cannot direct the investment of any assets allocated to their accounts. The ESOP participants are employees of Nodak Insurance. The employees of Primero, Direct Auto, and Westminster do not participate in the ESOP. American West and Battle Creek have no employees.

Each employee of Nodak Insurance automatically becomes a participant in the ESOP if such employee is at least 21 years old, has completed a minimum of one thousand hours of service with Nodak Insurance, and has completed an Eligibility Computation Period. Employees are not permitted to make any contributions to the ESOP. Participants in the ESOP receive annual reports from the Company showing the number of shares of common stock of the Company allocated to the participants' accounts and the market value of those shares. The shares are allocated to participants based on compensation as provided for in the ESOP.

In connection with the establishment of the ESOP, the Company created a contra-equity account on the Consolidated Balance Sheet equal to the ESOP's basis in the shares. The basis of those shares was set at \$10.00 per share as part of the IPO. As shares are released from the ESOP suspense account, the contra-equity account is credited, which reduces the impact of the contra-equity account on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet over time. The Company records compensation expense related to the shares released, equal to the number of shares released from the suspense account multiplied by the average market value of the Company's stock during the period.

The Company recognized compensation expense of \$101 and \$117 during the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, related to the ESOP, and \$210 and \$226 during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Through June 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, the Company had released and allocated 121,575 ESOP shares to participants, with a remainder of 118,425 ESOP shares in suspense at June 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021. Using the Company's quarter-end market price of \$16.43 per share, the fair value of the unearned ESOP shares was \$1,946 at June 30, 2022.

12. Line of Credit

Nodak Insurance has a \$5,000 line of credit with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. The terms of the line of credit include a floating interest rate with a floor rate of 3.25%. There were no outstanding amounts during the six months ended June 30, 2022, or the year ended December 31, 2021. This line of credit is scheduled to expire on May 31, 2023.

13. Income Taxes

At June 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, we had no unrecognized tax benefits, no accrued interest and penalties, and no significant uncertain tax positions. No interest and penalties were recognized during the three-month periods ended June 30, 2022 or 2021.

At June 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, the Company, other than Battle Creek and Westminster, had no income tax related carryforwards for net operating losses, alternative minimum tax credits, or capital losses.

Battle Creek, which files its income tax returns on a stand-alone basis, had net operating loss carryforwards of \$3,215 at December 31, 2021. These net operating loss carryforwards began expiring in 2021 and will continue through 2032 due to limitations on their use.

Westminster had a \$2,122 net operating loss carryforward at December 31, 2021. This net operating loss carryforward expires in 2023 due to limitations on its use.

As of June 30, 2022, federal income tax years 2018 through 2020 remain open for examination.

14. Operating Leases

Primero leases a facility in Spearfish, South Dakota under a non-cancellable operating lease expiring in 2023 and leases a facility in Las Vegas, Nevada on a month-to-month basis. Direct Auto leases a facility in Chicago, Illinois under a non-cancellable operating lease expiring in 2029. Nodak Insurance leases a facility in Fargo, North Dakota under a non-cancellable operating lease expiring in 2024. There were expenses of \$69 and \$63 related to these leases during the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$137 and \$124 related to these leases during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

As of June 30, 2022, we have minimum future commitments under non-cancellable leases for the next five years and thereafter as follows:

	Estimated Future Minimum		
Year ending December 31,	Con	nmitments	
2022 (six months remaining)	\$	192	
2023		358	
2024		320	
2025		286	
2026		291	
Thereafter		775	
Total minimum future commitments	\$	2,222	

15. Contingencies

We have been named as a defendant in various lawsuits relating to our insurance operations. Contingent liabilities arising from litigation, income taxes, and other matters are not considered to be material to our financial position.

16. Common Stock

Changes in the number of common stock shares outstanding are as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	
Shares outstanding, beginning of period	21,219,808	21,318,638	
Treasury shares repurchased through stock repurchase authorization	(111,244)	(118,531)	
Issuance of treasury shares for vesting of restricted stock units	101,292	102,060	
Shares outstanding, end of period	21,209,856	21,302,167	

The changes in the number of common shares outstanding excludes certain non-forfeitable stock award shares that are included in the weighted average common shares outstanding used in basic earnings per common share calculations. In addition, the net loss per diluted common share for the three- and sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2022, excluded the weighted average effects of 176,037 and 207,424 shares of stock awards, respectively, since the impacts of these potential shares of common stock were anti-dilutive.

On May 4, 2020, our Board of Directors approved an authorization for the repurchase of up to approximately \$10,000 of the Company's outstanding common stock. During the year ended December 31, 2020, we completed the repurchase of 454,443 shares of our common stock for \$7,238 under this authorization. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we completed the repurchase of 144,110 shares of our common stock for \$2,762 to close out this authorization.

On August 11, 2021, our Board of Directors approved an authorization for the repurchase of up to approximately \$5,000 of the Company's outstanding common stock. During the year ended December 31, 2021, we completed the repurchase of 81,095 shares of our common stock for \$1,554 under this authorization. During the three months ended June 30, 2022, we completed the repurchase of 56,372 shares of our common stock for \$935. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we completed the repurchase of 111,244 shares of our common stock for \$1,932.

On May 9, 2022, our Board of Directors approved an authorization for the repurchase of up to approximately \$10,000 of the Company's outstanding common stock in addition to the \$1,514 remaining from the August 11, 2021, repurchase authorization as of June 30, 2022. No shares were repurchased as part of the May 9, 2022, authorization during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

The cost of this treasury stock is a reduction of shareholders' equity within our Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets.

17. Stock Based Compensation

At its 2020 Annual Shareholders' Meeting, the NI Holdings, Inc. 2020 Stock and Incentive Plan (the "Plan") was approved by shareholders. The purpose of the Plan is to promote the interests of the Company and its shareholders by aiding the Company in attracting and retaining employees, officers, consultants, independent contractors, advisors, and non-employee directors capable of assuring the future success of the Company, to offer such persons incentives to put forth maximum efforts for the success of the Company's business and to afford such persons an opportunity to acquire an ownership interest in the Company, thereby aligning the interests of such persons with the Company's shareholders.

The Plan provides for the grant of nonqualified stock options, incentive stock options, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), stock appreciation rights, dividend equivalents, and performance share units ("PSUs") to employees, officers, consultants, advisors, non-employee directors, and independent contractors designated by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Compensation Committee"). Awards made under the Plan are based upon, among other things, a participant's level of responsibility and performance within the Company.

The total aggregate number of shares of common stock that may be issued under the Plan shall not exceed 1,000,000 shares, subject to adjustments as provided in the Plan. No eligible participant may be granted any awards for more than 100,000 shares in the aggregate in any calendar year, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Plan. The aggregate amount payable pursuant to all performance awards denominated in cash to any eligible person in any calendar year is limited to \$1,000 in value. Directors who are not also employees of the Company may not be granted awards denominated in shares that exceed \$150 in any calendar year.

Restricted Stock Units

The Compensation Committee has awarded RSUs to non-employee directors and select executives. RSUs are promises to issue actual shares of common stock at the end of a vesting period. The RSUs granted to executives under the Plan were based on salary and vest 20% per year over a five-year period, while RSUs granted to non-employee directors vest 100% on the date of the next annual meeting of shareholders following the grant date. Dividend equivalents on RSUs are accrued during the vesting period and paid in cash at the end of the vesting period, but are subject to forfeiture until the underlying shares become vested. Participants do not have voting rights with respect to RSUs.

The Company recognizes stock-based compensation costs based on the grant date fair value. The compensation costs are normally expensed over the vesting periods to each vesting date; however, the cost of RSUs granted to executives are expensed immediately if the executive has met certain retirement criteria and the RSUs become non-forfeitable. Estimated forfeitures are included in the determination of compensation costs. No forfeitures are currently estimated.

A summary of the Company's outstanding and unearned RSUs is presented below:

	RSUs	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value Per Share
Units outstanding and unearned at January 1, 2021	115,780	\$ 15.27
RSUs granted during 2021	58,700	18.76
RSUs earned during 2021	(66,100)	15.77
Units outstanding and unearned at December 31, 2021	108,380	16.86
RSUs granted during 2022	59,600	17.61
RSUs earned during 2022	(52,620)	17.39
Units outstanding and unearned at June 30, 2022	115,360	17.00

The following table shows the impact of RSU activity to the Company's financial results:

	Th	ree Month 30	ded June	Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2022	2021		2022	2	2021
RSU compensation expense	\$	225	\$ 229	\$	498	\$	617
Income tax benefit		(51)	(48)		(113)		(130)
RSU compensation expense, net of income taxes	\$	174	\$ 181	\$	385	\$	487

At June 30, 2022, there was \$1,270 of unrecognized compensation cost related to outstanding RSUs. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.05 years.

Performance Stock Units

The Compensation Committee has awarded PSUs to select executives. PSUs are promises to issue actual shares of common stock at the end of a vesting period, if certain performance conditions are met. The PSUs granted to employees under the Plan were based on salary and include a three-year book value cumulative growth target with threshold and stretch goals. They will vest on the third anniversary of the grant date, subject to the participant's continuous employment through the vesting date and the level of performance achieved. Dividend equivalents on PSUs are accrued and paid in cash at the end of the performance period in accordance with the level of performance achieved, but are subject to forfeiture until the underlying shares become vested. Participants do not have voting rights with respect to PSUs.

The Company recognizes stock-based compensation costs based on the grant date fair value over the performance period of the awards. Estimated forfeitures are included in the determination of compensation costs. The current cost estimate assumes that the cumulative growth targets will be achieved or exceeded.

A summary of the Company's outstanding PSUs is presented below:

	V	Veighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
	PSUs	Per Share
Units outstanding at January 1, 2021	174,600 \$	15.15
PSUs granted during 2021 (at target)	64,600	18.64
PSUs earned during 2021	(70,363)	16.25
Performance adjustment (1)	24,300	16.25
Forfeitures	(2,537)	16.25
Units outstanding at December 31, 2021	190,600	16.06
PSUs granted during 2022 (at target)	61,800	18.10
PSUs earned during 2022	(86,684)	15.21
Performance adjustment (1)	31,200	15.21
Forfeitures	(6,916)	15.21
Units outstanding at June 30, 2022	190,000	17.00

⁽¹⁾ Represents the change in PSUs issued based upon the attainment of performance goals established by the Company.

The following table shows the impact of PSU activity to the Company's financial results:

		Three Mor	 Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2	022	2021		2022		2021	
PSU compensation expense	\$	262	\$ 287	\$	523	\$	571	
Income tax benefit		(60)	(60)		(119)		(120)	
PSU compensation expense, net of income taxes	\$	202	\$ 227	\$	404	\$	451	

The PSU grants above represent initial target awards and do not reflect potential increases or decreases resulting from financial performance objectives to be determined at the end of the performance period. At the end of the performance period, the Company will reflect a performance adjustment, which may be either an increase or decrease from the initial target awards. The actual number of shares to be issued at the end of the performance period will range from 0% to 150% of the initial target awards.

At June 30, 2022, there was \$1,656 of unrecognized compensation cost related to outstanding PSUs. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.10 years.

18. Segment Information

We have five primary reportable operating segments, which consist of private passenger auto insurance, non-standard auto insurance, home and farm insurance, crop insurance, and commercial insurance. A sixth segment captures all other insurance coverages we sell, including our assumed reinsurance lines of business. We operate only in the United States, and no single customer or agent provides 10 percent or more of our revenues. The following tables provide available information of these segments for the three- and six- month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

For purposes of evaluating profitability of the non-standard auto segment, management combines the policy fees paid by the insured with the underwriting gain or loss as its primary measure. As a result, these fees are allocated to the non-standard auto segment (included in fee and other income) in the tables below. The remaining fee and other income amounts are not allocated to any segment.

We do not assign or allocate all line items in our Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Operations or Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheet to our operating segments. Those line items include investment income, net investment gains (losses), other income excluding non-standard auto insurance fees, and income taxes within the Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Operations. For the Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheet, those items include cash and investments, property and equipment, other assets, accrued expenses, income taxes recoverable or payable, and shareholders' equity.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2022

						Three Mor	iths	Ended June	30,	2022				
		Private		Non-										
	Pa	ssenger	S	tandard	Н	lome and		_	_					
		Auto		Auto		Farm	_	Crop		ommercial		All Other		Total
Direct premiums earned	\$	19,824	\$	15,577	\$	21,703	\$	17,709	\$	18,161	\$	1,277	\$	94,251
Assumed premiums earned		-		-		-		491		- (0.400)		1,200		1,691
Ceded premiums earned		(559)		(65)		(1,748)	_	(5,905)		(3,130)		(39)		(11,446)
Net premiums earned		19,265		15,512		19,955		12,295		15,031		2,438		84,496
Direct losses and loss adjustment		40.000						40.00=						
expenses		16,866		4,133		62,188		13,237		13,081		1,165		110,670
Assumed losses and loss								244				1 201		4.505
adjustment expenses		-		-		-		244		-		1,291		1,535
Ceded losses and loss adjustment		(12)				(257)		(2.151)		(00)				(2.610)
expenses		(12)				(357)	_	(3,151)		(90)		<u> </u>		(3,610)
Net losses and loss adjustment		10.054		4 1 2 2		C1 021		10 220		12.001		2.456		100 505
expenses		16,854		4,133		61,831		10,330		12,991		2,456		108,595
C		2,411		11,379		(41.076)	_	1,965	_	2,040	_	(10)		(24,000)
Gross margin		2,411		11,3/9		(41,876)		1,965		2,040		(18)		(24,099)
I Indonesiaina and second		E EE0		6.067		C DEC		1 600		E E7C		FOF		26.246
Underwriting and general expenses		5,553		6,867		6,056	_	1,609		5,576	_	585		26,246
Underwriting gain (loss)		(3,142)		4,512		(47,932)	_	356	_	(3,536)		(603)		(50,345)
_ , , , .				25.4										
Fee and other income			_	254										415
				4,766										
Net investment income														2,015
Net investment losses														(11,136)
Loss before income taxes														(59,051)
Income tax benefit														(12,415)
Net loss														(46,636)
Net loss attributable to non-														(5 0.6)
controlling interest														(726)
Net loss attributable to NI													\$	(45,910)
Holdings, Inc.													D	(43,910)
Operating Ratios:														
Loss and loss adjustment		05 50/		D.C. CO./		200.00/		0.4.00/		06.40/		100 50/		100 50/
expense ratio		87.5%		26.6%		309.9%		84.0%		86.4%		100.7%		128.5%
Expense ratio Combined ratio		28.8%		44.3%		30.3%		13.1%		37.1%		24.0%		31.1%
Combined ratio		116.3%		70.9%		340.2%		97.1%		123.5%		124.7%		159.6%
Deleness et I 20, 2022.														
Balances at June 30, 2022:														
Premiums and agents' balances receivable	\$	21,287	\$	16,678	\$	10,468	\$	42,905	\$	16,175	\$	823	\$	108,336
Deferred policy acquisition costs	Ф	5,427	Ф	8,201	Ф	7,838	Ф	1,060	Ф	7,929	Ф	462	Ф	30,917
Reinsurance recoverables on		3,427		0,201		7,030		1,000		7,929		402		30,917
losses		591				2,766		1,976		10,960		748		17,041
Goodwill and other intangibles		391		2,786		2,700		1,970		14,700		740		17,041
Unpaid losses and loss		-		2,700		_		-		14,700				17,400
adjustment expenses		29,105		38,689		49,052		12,755		43,876		9,399		182,876
adjustifient expenses		29,103		30,009		49,032		12,733		45,070		3,333		102,070
Unearned premiums		31,885		24,030		45,942		26,205		42,379		3,284		173,725
Payable to Federal Crop		51,005		2 -1 ,000		70,044		20,203		72,073		J,20 4		1/0,/20
Insurance Corporation		_		_		_		7,102		_		_		7,102
insurance Corporation		-		-		_		7,102		-		-		7,102
						31								

Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

			Three Moi	nths Ended June	30, 2021		
	Private	Non- Standard	Home and				
	Passenger Auto	Standard Auto	Farm	Crop	Commercial	All Other	Total
Direct premiums earned	\$ 19,012	\$ 15,263	\$ 20,808	\$ 14,574	\$ 16,195		\$ 87,059
Assumed premiums earned	Ψ 15,012	Ψ 15,205	Ψ 20,000	2,084	Ψ 10,135	1,432	3,516
Ceded premiums earned	(944)	(365)	(2,435)	(8,305)	(2,175)	(70)	(14,294)
Net premiums earned	18,068	14,898	18,373	8,353	14,020	2,569	76,281
ivet premiums eamed	10,000	14,090	10,3/3	0,333	14,020	2,309	70,201
Direct losses and loss adjustment							
expenses	15,094	11,490	19,436	21,803	8,494	282	76,599
Assumed losses and loss	15,05 1	11, 150	15, 150	21,005	0, 15 1	202	7 0,555
adjustment expenses	_	_	_	523	_	1,437	1,960
Ceded losses and loss adjustment				323		1,407	1,500
expenses	(189)	_	(1,228)	(12,994)	(1,230)	_	(15,641)
Net losses and loss adjustment	(103)		(1,220)	(12,334)	(1,230)		(13,041)
-	14,905	11,490	18,208	9,332	7,264	1,719	62,918
expenses	14,903	11,490	10,200	9,332	7,204	1,/19	02,910
	2.162	2 400	165	(070)	C 750	050	12.202
Gross margin	3,163	3,408	105	(979)	6,756	<u>850</u>	13,363
I In days wising and according	4 767	6 525	E 072	1 /01	E 177	616	22 500
Underwriting and general expenses	4,767	6,525	5,073	1,431	5,177	616	23,589
Underwriting gain (loss)	(1,604)	(3,117)	(4,908)	(2,410)	1,579	234	(10,226)
Fee and other income		361					520
		(2,756)					
Net investment income							1,710
Net investment gains							4,701
Loss before income taxes							(3,295)
Income tax benefit							(561)
Net loss							(2,734)
Net loss attributable to non-							(, ,
controlling interest							(90)
Net loss attributable to NI							
Holdings, Inc.							\$ (2,644)
Operating Ratios:							
Loss and loss adjustment							
expense ratio	82.5%	77.1%	99.1%	111.7%	51.8%	66.9%	82.5%
Expense ratio	26.4%	43.8%	27.6%	17.1%	36.9%	24.0%	30.9%
Combined ratio	108.9%	120.9%	126.7%	128.9%	88.7%	90.9%	113.4%
Combined radio	100.570	120.570	120.770	120.570	00.7 70	30.370	115.170
Balances at June 30, 2021:							
Premiums and agents' balances							
receivable	\$ 20,100	\$ 9,408	\$ 9,739	\$ 30,438	\$ 14,048	\$ 730	\$ 84,463
Deferred policy acquisition costs	6,548	6,368	9,069	358	6,763	551	29,657
Reinsurance recoverables on	0,540	0,500	5,005	330	0,705	551	25,057
losses	905		1,600	13,918	5,934	2,217	24,574
Receivable from Federal Crop	303	-	1,000	15,510	5,554	2,217	24,5/4
Insurance Corporation				17 101			17,191
	-	2 025	-	17,191	15 122	-	
Goodwill and other intangibles	-	2,835	-	-	15,123	-	17,958
IIidle							
Unpaid losses and loss	20.404	40.505	20.020	22.622	00.040	44.400	1ED D 10
adjustment expenses	26,161	43,727	20,839	23,638	26,812	11,163	152,340
Unearned premiums	30,518	19,968	43,229	27,615	37,047	3,215	161,592
			22				
			32				

Six Months Ended June 30, 2022

			SIX MON	ns Ended June 3	00, 2022		
	Private Passenger Auto	Non- Standard Auto	Home and Farm	Crop	Commercial	All Other	Total
Direct premiums earned	\$ 39,125	\$ 30,019	\$ 42,882	\$ 17,692	\$ 35,391	\$ 2,541	\$ 167,650
Assumed premiums earned	\$ 59,125	\$ 50,019	\$ 42,002	\$ 17,692 491	\$ 35,391	3,061	3,552
Ceded premiums earned	(1,118)	(129)	(3,715)	(5,901)	(6,172)	(84)	(17,119)
Net premiums earned	38,007	29,890	39,167	12,282	29,219	5,518	154,083
Net premiums earned	30,007	29,090	39,107	12,202	29,219	3,310	154,065
Direct losses and loss adjustment							
expenses	31,392	12,624	69,380	13,134	28,144	1,491	156,165
Assumed losses and loss	51,552	12,02	05,500	10,10	20,1	1, .51	100,100
adjustment expenses	_	_	_	244	_	1,301	1,545
Ceded losses and loss adjustment						,	,
expenses	173	-	(709)	(3,214)	(5,136)	(100)	(8,986)
Net losses and loss adjustment							
expenses	31,565	12,624	68,671	10,164	23,008	2,692	148,724
•						·	
Gross margin	6,442	17,266	(29,504)	2,118	6,211	2,826	5,359
Underwriting and general expenses	11,321	12,958	12,029	1,057	10,912	1,373	49,650
Underwriting gain (loss)	(4,879)	4,308	(41,533)	1,061	(4,701)	1,453	(44,291)
Onderwriting gam (loss)	(4,073)	4,500	(41,555)	1,001	(4,701)	1,433	(44,231)
Fee and other income		642					843
		4,950					
Net investment income							3,668
Net investment losses							(16,664)
Loss before income taxes							(56,444)
Income tax benefit							(11,847)
Net loss							(44,597)
Net loss attributable to non-							
controlling interest							(596)
Net loss attributable to NI							
Holdings, Inc.							\$ (44,001)
Operating Ratios:							
Loss and loss adjustment							
expense ratio	83.1%	42.2%	175.3%	82.8%	78.7%	48.8%	96.5%
Expense ratio	29.8%	43.4%	30.7%	8.6%	37.3%	24.9%	32.2%
Combined ratio	112.8%	85.6%	206.0%	91.4%	116.1%	73.7%	128.7%
Comonica ratio	112.070	05.070	200.070	J11/0	110.170	75.770	120.7 /0
			33				

Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

			SIX MON	ns Ended June 3	00, 2021		
	Private Passenger Auto	Non- Standard Auto	Home and Farm	Crop	Commercial	All Other	Total
D'							
Direct premiums earned Assumed premiums earned	\$ 37,700	\$ 28,844	\$ 41,391		\$ 30,917	\$ 2,392 2,880	\$ 155,802 4,964
	(2.124)	(C00)	(F FC4)	2,084	(4.550)		
Ceded premiums earned	(2,134)	(688)	(5,564)	(8,242)	(4,559)	(163)	(21,350)
Net premiums earned	35,566	28,156	35,827	8,400	26,358	5,109	139,416
Direct losses and loss adjustment							
expenses	27,653	16,290	27,324	22,375	19,958	577	114,177
Assumed losses and loss							
adjustment expenses	-	-	-	523	-	2,385	2,908
Ceded losses and loss adjustment							
expenses	(494)	-	(1,484)	(13,005)	(2,295)	-	(17,278)
Net losses and loss adjustment							
expenses	27,159	16,290	25,840	9,893	17,663	2,962	99,807
	0.407	11.000	0.007	(1, 402)	0.605	2.147	20,000
Gross margin	8,407	11,866	9,987	(1,493)	8,695	2,147	39,609
Underwriting and general expenses	10,126	10,939	10,684	1,967	9,792	1,319	44,827
Underwriting gain (loss)	(1,719)	927	(697)	(3,460)	(1,097)	828	(5,218)
Fee and other income		693					837
		1,620					
Net investment income		_ 					3,246
Net investment gains							10,512
Income before income taxes							9,377
Income tax expense							2,329
Net income							7,048
Net income attributable to non-							,
controlling interest							23
Net income attributable to NI							
Holdings, Inc.							\$ 7,025
Operating Paties							
Operating Ratios:							
Loss and loss adjustment	76.49/	E7 00/	70 10/	117 00/	67.00/	EQ 00/	71 60/
expense ratio	76.4%	57.9%	72.1%	117.8%	67.0%	58.0%	71.6%
Expense ratio Combined ratio	28.5%	38.9%	29.8%	23.4%	37.2%	25.8%	32.2%
Combined ratio	104.8%	96.7%	101.9%	141.2%	104.2%	83.8%	103.7%
			3/1				

Item 2. - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion is intended to provide a more comprehensive review of the Company's operating results and financial condition than can be obtained from reading the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements alone. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in Part I, Item 1, "Financial Statements." Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q constitutes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Please see "Forward-Looking Statements" and Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. You should also review Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" included in the Company's 2021 Annual Report for a discussion of important factors, including COVID-19 or a future pandemic, and changing climate conditions, that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described, or implied by, the forward-looking statements contained herein.

All dollar amounts included in Item 2 herein are in thousands.

Results of Operations

The consolidated net loss for the Company was \$46,636 for the three months ended June, 2022, compared to net loss of \$2,734 for the three months ended June, 2021. The consolidated net loss for NI Holdings was \$44,597 for the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to net income of \$7,048 for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

The major components of the Company's operating revenues and net income were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2022		2021	-	2022		2021	
Revenues:								
Net premiums earned	\$ 84,496	\$	76,281	\$	154,083	\$	139,416	
Fee and other income	415		520		843		837	
Net investment income	2,015		1,710		3,668		3,246	
Net investment gains (losses)	(11,136)		4,701		(16,664)		10,512	
Total revenues	75,790		83,212		141,930		154,011	
Components of net income:								
Net premiums earned	84,496		76,281		154,083		139,416	
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	108,595		62,918		148,724		99,807	
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs and other underwriting and general	,		- ,		-,			
expenses	26,246		23,589		49,650		44,827	
Underwriting loss	(50,345)		(10,226)		(44,291)		(5,218)	
Fee and other income	415		520		843		837	
Net investment income	2,015		1,710		3,668		3,246	
Net investment gains (losses)	 (11,136)		4,701		(16,664)		10,512	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(59,051)		(3,295)		(56,444)		9,377	
Income tax expense (benefit)	(12,415)		(561)		(11,847)		2,329	
Net income (loss)	\$ (46,636)	\$	(2,734)	\$	(44,597)	\$	7,048	

Net Premiums Earned

	Three Months I	l June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2022	2021			2022	2021	
Net premiums earned:							
Direct premium	\$ 94,251	\$	87,059	\$	167,650	\$	155,802
Assumed premium	1,691		3,516		3,552		4,964
Ceded premium	 (11,446)		(14,294)		(17,119)		(21,350)
Total net premiums earned	\$ 84,496	\$	76,281	\$	154,083	\$	139,416

The Company's net premiums earned for the three months ended June 30, 2022, increased \$8,215, or 10.8%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021. Net premiums earned for the six months ended June 30, 2022, increased \$14,667, or 10.5%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021.

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Net premiums earned:						
Private passenger auto	\$ 19,265	\$ 18,068	\$ 38,007	\$ 35,566		
Non-standard auto	15,512	14,898	29,890	28,156		
Home and farm	19,955	18,373	39,167	35,827		
Crop	12,295	8,353	12,282	8,400		
Commercial	15,031	14,020	29,219	26,358		
All other	2,438	2,569	5,518	5,109		
Total net premiums earned	\$ 84,496	\$ 76,281	\$ 154,083	\$ 139,416		

Below are comments regarding net premiums earned by business segment:

Private passenger auto – Net premiums earned for the second quarter of 2022 increased \$1,197, or 6.6%, from the second quarter of 2021. Net premiums earned for the first six months of 2022 increased \$2,441, or 6.9% from the first six months of 2021. Results were driven by continued new business growth and rate increases in South Dakota and Nebraska.

Non-standard auto – Net premiums earned for the second quarter of 2022 increased \$614, or 4.1%, from the second quarter of 2021. Net premiums earned for the first six months of 2022 increased \$1,734, or 6.2% from the first six months of 2021. Results were driven by new business growth and recent rate increases in the Chicago market where our non-standard auto business is concentrated.

Home and farm – Net premiums earned for the second quarter of 2022 increased \$1,582, or 8.6%, from the second quarter of 2021. Net premiums earned for the first six months of 2022 increased \$3,340, or 9.3% from the first six months of 2021. Results were driven by increasing insured property values as a result of increased inflationary factors.

Crop – Net premiums earned for the second quarter of 2022 increased \$3,942, or 47.2%, from the second quarter of 2021. Net premiums earned for the first six months of 2022 increased \$3,882, or 46.2% from the first six months of 2021. This increase was driven by a 20.4% increase in direct written premium for multi-peril crop insurance due to higher commodity prices. In addition, earned premiums increased as a result of ceding significantly less multi-peril crop insurance business into the Assigned Risk fund in 2022 compared to the prior year.

Commercial – Net premiums earned for the second quarter of 2022 increased \$1,011, or 7.2%, from the second quarter of 2021. Net premiums earned for the first six months of 2022 increased \$2,861, or 10.9% from the first six months of 2021. These increases were primarily driven by increasing insured values as a result of inflationary factors as well as continued increases in both price and new business production.

All other – Net premiums earned for the second quarter of 2022 decreased \$131, or 5.1%, from the second quarter of 2021 as a result of the Company's decision to non-renew its participation in an assumed domestic and international reinsurance pool of business as of January 1, 2022. Net premiums earned for the first six months of 2022 increased \$409, or 8.0% from the first six months of 2021 as a result of our increased participation during 2021 in the assumed domestic and international reinsurance pool of business. These results are communicated to the Company one to three months following the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, these results are generally reflected in the Company's financial statements on a quarter lag basis, and as a result, the first quarter of 2022 continued to be impacted by our participation in these pools.

Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,		
		2022	2021		2022	2021	
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses:							
Direct losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	110,670 \$	76,599	\$	156,165 \$	114,177	
Assumed losses and loss adjustment expenses		1,535	1,960		1,545	2,908	
Ceded losses and loss adjustment expenses		(3,610)	(15,641)		(8,986)	(17,278)	
Total net losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	108,595 \$	62,918	\$	148,724 \$	99,807	

The Company's net losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2022, increased \$45,677, or 72.6%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021. The Company's net losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2022, increased \$48,917, or 49.0%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021.

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended			
		June	30,			June 30,			
		2022		2021		2022	2021		
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses:									
Private passenger auto	\$	16,854	\$	14,905	\$	31,565 \$	27,159		
Non-standard auto		4,133		11,490		12,624	16,290		
Home and farm		61,831		18,208		68,671	25,840		
Crop		10,330		9,332		10,164	9,893		
Commercial		12,991		7,264		23,008	17,663		
All other		2,456		1,719		2,692	2,962		
Total net losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	108,595	\$	62,918	\$	148,724 \$	99,807		

	Three Month	s Ended	Six Months	Ended	
	June 3	0,	June 3	0,	
	2022	2022 2021		2021	
Loss and loss adjustment expenses ratio:					
Private passenger auto	87.5%	82.5%	83.1%	76.4%	
Non-standard auto	26.6%	77.1%	42.2%	57.9%	
Home and farm	309.9%	99.1%	175.3%	72.1%	
Crop	84.0%	111.7%	82.8%	117.8%	
Commercial	86.4%	51.8%	78.7%	67.0%	
All other	100.7%	66.9%	48.8%	58.0%	
Total loss and loss adjustment expenses ratio	128.5%	82.5%	96.5%	71.6%	

Below are comments regarding significant changes in the net losses and loss adjustment expenses, and the net loss adjustment expense ratios, by business segment:

Private passenger auto – The net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio increased 5.0 percentage points and 6.7 percentage points in the three- and sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same periods in 2021. These increases were driven by elevated loss severity due to inflationary factors and increased weather-related comprehensive losses in Nebraska and South Dakota. We are addressing the increasing frequency and severity through aggressive underwriting actions and planned rate increases.

Non-standard auto – The net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio decreased 50.5 percentage points and 15.7 percentage points in the three- and sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same periods in 2021. These decreases were driven by favorable prior year reserve development in second quarter of 2022 along with other successful strategic underwriting initiatives taken in our Las Vegas market, partially offset by elevated loss severity as a result of inflationary factors. Continued rate increases will be necessary to combat the increasing severity as a result of the inflationary factors.

Home and farm – The net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio increased 210.8 percentage points and 103.2 percentage points in the three- and sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same periods in 2021. These increases were driven by catastrophe losses in Nebraska and South Dakota during second quarter of 2022. Catastrophe losses for the Home and Farm segment in the second quarters of 2022 and 2021 accounted for 211.6 percentage points and 41.8 percentage points, respectively, of the net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio.

Crop – The net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio decreased 27.7 percentage points and 35.0 percentage points in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same periods in 2021. This improvement was due to improved crop growing conditions in 2022 in comparison to the extreme drought conditions faced in 2021.

Commercial – The net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio increased 34.6 percentage points and 11.7 percentage points in the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same periods in 2021. These increases were driven by increased frequency and severity of fire losses in the Westminster book of business during second quarter of 2022. The remaining portion of the Commercial segment also produced unprofitable results due to severe weather during the current quarter.

All other – The net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio increased 33.8 percentage points in the three-month period ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same period for 2021. The increase for the second quarter of 2022 was driven by our share of a significant catastrophe loss occurrence within a reciprocal catastrophe pool that we participate in. The net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio decreased 9.2 percentage points in the six-month period ended June 30, 2022 compared to the same period for 2021. The year-to-date loss and loss adjustment expense ratio was also impacted by favorable prior year development in our assumed domestic and international reinsurance pool of business.

Amortization of Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs

Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs decreased \$3,642, or 18.3%, in the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, and decreased \$1,606, or 4.8%, in the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021. These decreases are the result of the Company refining the methodology for calculating deferred policy acquisition costs and the related amortization during the third quarter of 2021 and the impact of the previous methodology on the first six months of 2021. The effects of the change in methodology are partially offset by premium growth and the related deferrable policy acquisition costs.

Other Underwriting and General Expenses

Other underwriting and general expenses increased \$6,299, or 170.1%, in the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, and increased \$6,429, or 56.6%, in the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021. These increases are the result of the Company refining the methodology for calculating deferred policy acquisition costs and the related amortization during the third quarter of 2021. Utilizing the previous methodology resulted in higher deferrable expenses for the first six months of 2021 and lower other underwriting and general expenses.

Underwriting Gain (Loss) and Combined Ratio

		Three Months I June 30,	Ended	Six Months Ei June 30,	ıded	
		2022 2021		2022	2021	
Underwriting gain (loss):						
Private passenger auto	\$	(3,142) \$	(1,604) \$	(4,879) \$	(1,719)	
Non-standard auto		4,512	(3,117)	4,308	927	
Home and farm		(47,932)	(4,908)	(41,533)	(697)	
Crop		356	(2,410)	1,061	(3,460)	
Commercial		(3,536)	1,579	(4,701)	(1,097)	
All other		(603)	234	1,453	828	
Total underwriting gain (loss)	<u>\$</u>	(50,345) \$	(10,226) \$	(44,291) \$	(5,218)	

	Three Month June 3		Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Combined ratio:					
Private passenger auto	116.3%	108.9%	112.8%	104.8%	
Non-standard auto	70.9%	120.9%	85.6%	96.7%	
Home and farm	340.2%	126.7%	206.0%	101.9%	
Crop	97.1%	128.9%	91.4%	141.2%	
Commercial	123.5%	88.7%	116.1%	104.2%	
All other	124.7%	90.9%	73.7%	83.8%	
Combined ratio	159.6%	113.4%	128.7%	103.7%	

Underwriting gain (loss) measures the pre-tax profitability of our insurance operations. It is derived by subtracting losses and loss adjustment expenses, amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs, and other underwriting and general expenses from net premiums earned. The combined ratio represents the sum of these losses and expenses as a percentage of net premiums earned, and measures our overall underwriting profit.

The total underwriting loss increased \$40,119, or 392.3%, for the three-month period ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021. The total underwriting loss increased \$39,073, or 748.8%, for the six-month period ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021. These results were driven by the factors discussed in the Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses section above.

The overall combined ratio increased 46.2 percentage points in the three-month period ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same periods in 2021. The overall combined ratio increased 25.0 percentage points in the six-month period ended June 30, 2022, compared to the same periods in 2021. These results were driven by the factors discussed in the Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses section above.

Fee and Other Income

The Company had fee and other income of \$415 for the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to \$520 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Fee income attributable to the non-standard auto segment is a key component in measuring its profitability. Fee income on this business decreased to \$254 for the three months ended June 30, 2022, from \$361 for the three months ended June 30, 2021, due to a reduction in policies that generate fee income.

The Company had fee and other income of \$843 for the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to \$837 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Fee income on the non-standard auto business decreased slightly to \$642 for the six months ended June 30, 2022, from \$693 for the six months ended June 30, 2021, due to a reduction in policies that generate fee income.

The following table sets forth our average cash and invested assets, net investment income, and return on average cash and invested assets for the reported periods:

	 Three Mon June	Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2022	2021		2022	2021	
Average cash and invested assets	\$ 474,133	\$ 503,433	\$	487,745 \$	500,409	
Net investment income	\$ 2,015	\$ 1,710	\$	3,668 \$	3,246	
Gross return on average cash and invested assets	2.4%	2.0%		2.3%	2.0%	
Net return on average cash and invested assets	1.7%	1.4%		1.5%	1.3%	

Net investment income increased \$305 for the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021. Net investment income increased \$422 for the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021. These increases were primarily driven by an increase in the overall portfolio book value (measured at cost or amortized cost) as well as a higher allocation of invested assets to private placement securities and high dividend yield equities.

The Company's net return on average cash and invested assets increased year-over-year, driven by a decrease in average cash and invested assets (measured at fair value) as a result of unfavorable market conditions for both fixed income and equity securities as well as higher net investment income.

Net Investment Gains (Losses)

Net investment gains (losses) consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2022		2021		2022	2021
Gross realized gains	\$	1,201	\$	2,936	\$	2,320 \$	6,961
Gross realized losses, excluding other-than-temporary impairment							
losses		(174)		(61)		(355)	(184)
Net realized gains		1,027		2,875		1,965	6,777
Change in net unrealized gains on equity securities		(12,163)		1,826		(18,629)	3,735
Net investment gains (losses)	\$	(11,136)	\$	4,701	\$	(16,664) \$	10,512

The Company had net realized gains of \$1,027 and \$1,965 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to gains of \$2,875 and \$6,777 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021. The Company reported no other-than-temporary losses during any of the periods presented.

The Company experienced a decrease in net unrealized gains on equity securities of \$12,163 and \$18,629 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, driven by the impact of changes in fair value attributable to unfavorable equity markets. The Company experienced an increase in net unrealized gains on equity securities of \$1,826 and \$3,735 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively, driven by the impact of changes in fair value attributable to favorable equity markets. In addition to the impact of the overall equity markets, the Company's sales activity (and resulting gains and losses) will impact the level and direction of the change in the net unrealized gain or loss of its equity securities portfolio. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company had net realized gains on its equity securities of \$1,132 and \$2,027, respectively, compared to net realized gains of \$2,550 and \$6,351 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021.

The Company's fixed income securities are classified as available for sale because it will, from time to time, make sales of securities that are not impaired, consistent with our investment goals and policies. The fixed income portion of the portfolio experienced net unrealized losses of \$16,283 and \$37,220 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, compared to net unrealized gains (losses) of \$2,835 and \$(4,322) during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021. The changes were primarily the result of changes in U.S. interest rates. The change in the fair value of fixed income securities is not reflected in net income; rather it is reflected as a separate component (net of income taxes) of other comprehensive income.

Income (Loss) before Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, the Company had a pre-tax loss of \$59,051 compared to a pre-tax loss of \$3,295 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The increase in pre-tax loss was largely attributable to the significant catastrophe losses in Nebraska and South Dakota during the quarter, along with the change in net investment gains/losses attributable to the impact of equity markets on the Company's equity securities portfolio.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company had a pre-tax loss of \$56,444 compared to pre-tax income of \$9,377 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease in pre-tax income was largely attributable to the significant catastrophe losses in Nebraska and South Dakota during the second quarter of 2022, along with the change in net investment gains/losses attributable to the impact of equity markets on the Company's equity securities portfolio.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit)

The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$12,415 for the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to an income tax benefit of \$561 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Our effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2022 was 21.0% compared to an effective tax rate of 17.0% for the second quarter of 2021.

The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$11,847 for the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to income tax expense of \$2,329 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Our effective tax rate for the first six months of 2022 was 21.0% compared to an effective tax rate of 24.8% for the first six months of 2021.

A portion of the effective tax rate is attributable to Illinois state income taxes.

Net Income (Loss)

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, the Company had a net loss before non-controlling interest of \$46,636 compared to net loss of \$2,734 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease was largely attributable to the significant catastrophe losses in Nebraska and South Dakota during the quarter, along with the change in net investment gains/losses attributable to the impact of equity markets on the Company's equity securities portfolio.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company had a net loss before non-controlling interest of \$44,597 compared to net income of \$7,048 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease was largely attributable to the significant catastrophe losses in Nebraska and South Dakota during the second quarter of 2022, along with the change in net investment gains/losses attributable to the impact of equity markets on the Company's equity securities portfolio.

Return on Average Equity

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, the Company had annualized return on average equity, after non-controlling interest, of (61.4)% compared to annualized return on average equity, after non-controlling interest, of (3.0)% for the three months ended June 30, 2021.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company had annualized return on average equity, after non-controlling interest, of (28.7)% compared to annualized return on average equity, after non-controlling interest, of 4.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Average equity is calculated as the average between beginning and ending shareholders' equity, excluding non-controlling interest for the period.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires both the use of estimates and judgment relative to the application of appropriate accounting policies. The Company is required to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and related footnotes. We evaluate these estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis based on historical developments, market conditions, industry trends, and other information that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. There can be no assurance that actual results will conform to these estimates and assumptions or that reported results of operations will not be materially and adversely affected by the need to make accounting adjustments to reflect changes in these estimates and assumptions from time to time. Our critical accounting policies are more fully described in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" presented in our 2021 Annual Report. There have been no changes in our critical accounting policies from December 31, 2021.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company generates sufficient funds from its operations and maintains a high degree of liquidity in its investment portfolio to meet the demands of claim settlements and operating expenses. The primary sources of funds are premium collections, investment earnings, and maturing investments. In 2017, we raised \$93,145 in net proceeds from our IPO, which we planned to use for strategic acquisitions.

In 2018, we used \$17,000 for the acquisition of Direct Auto, which was paid in cash at closing. On January 1, 2020, we acquired Westminster for \$40,000. We paid \$20,000 at the time of closing. The terms of the acquisition agreement included payment of the remaining \$20,000, subject to certain adjustments, in three equal installments on each of the first and second anniversaries of the closing, and on the first business day of the month preceding the third anniversary of the closing. The first two installments were paid in January 2021 and January 2022. The Company anticipates using the net proceeds from the IPO to satisfy the remaining obligation in December 2022.

We currently anticipate that cash generated from our operations and available from our investment portfolio, along with the remaining IPO net proceeds, will be sufficient to fund our operations.

The Company's philosophy is to provide sufficient cash flows from operations to meet its obligations in order to minimize the forced sales of investments. The Company maintains a portion of its investment portfolio in relatively short-term and highly liquid assets to ensure the availability of funds.

The change in cash and cash equivalents for the six months ended June 30, 2022, and 2021, were as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2022		2021		
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 13,647	\$	21,708		
Net cash flows from investing activities	(12,075)		(52,140)		
Net cash flows from financing activities	 (9,163)		(9,422)		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (7,591)	\$	(39,854)		

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net cash provided by operating activities totaled \$13,647 compared to \$21,708 a year ago. This decrease was primarily driven by higher claim payments related to catastrophe losses during the current quarter, lower realized investment gains, and higher levels of premiums and agents' balances receivable, which were partially offset by an increase in payments received on reinsurances recoverables on losses.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net cash used by investing activities totaled \$12,075 compared to \$52,140 a year ago. This decrease in cash used was attributable to the significant catastrophe losses in Nebraska and South Dakota during the current quarter, which resulted in less available cash for investment purchases. The decrease was also attributable to the Company investing a higher level of excess cash during the first quarter of 2021.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net cash used by financing activities totaled \$9,163 compared to \$9,422 a year ago. This decrease was primarily attributable to the Company repurchasing shares of its own common stock for \$1,931 during the first half of 2022, compared to \$2,267 during the first half of 2021.

As a standalone entity, and outside of the net proceeds from the IPO, the Company's principal source of long-term liquidity will be dividend payments from its directly-owned subsidiaries.

Nodak Insurance is restricted by the insurance laws of North Dakota as to the amount of dividends or other distributions it may pay to NI Holdings. North Dakota law sets the maximum amount of dividends that may be paid by Nodak Insurance during any twelve-month period after notice to, but without prior approval of, the North Dakota Insurance Department. This amount cannot exceed the lesser of (i) 10% of the Company's surplus as regards policyholders as of the preceding December 31, or (ii) the Company's statutory net income for the preceding calendar year (excluding realized capital gains), less any prior dividends paid during such twelve-month period. In addition, any insurance company other than a life insurance company may carry forward net income from the preceding two calendar years, not including realized capital gains, less any dividends actually paid during those two calendar years. Dividends in excess of this amount are considered "extraordinary" and are subject to the approval of the North Dakota Insurance Department.

The amount available for payment of dividends from Nodak Insurance to us during 2022 without the prior approval of the North Dakota Insurance Department is approximately \$21,493 based upon the surplus of Nodak Insurance at December 31, 2021. Prior to its payment of any dividend, Nodak Insurance will be required to provide notice of the dividend to the North Dakota Insurance Department. This notice must be provided to the North Dakota Insurance Department 30 days prior to the payment of an extraordinary dividend and 10 days prior to the payment of an ordinary dividend. The North Dakota Insurance Department has the power to limit or prohibit dividend payments if an insurance company is in violation of any law or regulation. These restrictions or any subsequently imposed restrictions may affect our future liquidity. No dividends were declared or paid by Nodak Insurance during the six months ended June 30, 2022, or the year ended December 31, 2021.

Direct Auto re-domesticated from Illinois to North Dakota during 2021, and is now subject to the same dividend restrictions as Nodak Insurance. The amount available for payment of dividends from Direct Auto to us during 2022 without the prior approval of the North Dakota Insurance Department is approximately \$3,796 based upon the surplus of Direct Auto at December 31, 2021. No dividends were declared or paid by Direct Auto during the six months ended June 30, 2022, or the year ended December 31, 2021.

Westminster re-domesticated from Maryland to North Dakota during 2021, and is now subject to the same dividend restrictions as Nodak Insurance. The amount available for payment of dividends from Westminster to us during 2022 without the prior approval of the North Dakota Insurance Department is approximately \$2,471 based upon the surplus of Westminster at December 31, 2021. No dividends were declared or paid by Westminster during the six months ended June 30, 2022, or the year ended December 31, 2021.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements, see Part I, Item 1, Note 2, "Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies--Recent Accounting Pronouncements" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 3. - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company's assessment of market risk as of June 30, 2022, indicates there have been no material changes in the quantitative and qualitative disclosures from those in Part II, Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in our 2021 Annual Report filed with the SEC.

Item 4. - Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have reviewed and evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as required by Exchange Act Rules 240.13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b)) as of June 30, 2022. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's current disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Changes in Internal Controls

In the ordinary course of business, we periodically review our system of internal control over financial reporting to identify opportunities to improve our controls and increase efficiency, while ensuring that we maintain an effective internal control environment. In addition, when we acquire new businesses, we incorporate our controls and procedures into the acquired business as part of our integration activities. Since 2018, we have invested significant resources to comprehensively document and analyze our system of internal control over financial reporting. We have identified areas requiring improvement, and continue to make selected improvements to processes and controls to address issues identified through this review. These improvements may include such activities as implementing new, more efficient systems, automating manual processes, formalizing policies and procedures, increasing monitoring controls, and updating existing systems. We plan to continue this initiative as well as prepare for the first audit of our internal control over financial reporting, as required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for the annual period ending December 31, 2022, which may result in changes to our internal control over financial reporting.

There have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended June 30, 2022, to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. - Legal Proceedings

We are party to litigation in the normal course of business. Based upon information presently available to us, we do not consider any litigation to be material. However, given the uncertainties attendant to litigation, we cannot assure you that our results of operations and financial condition will not be materially adversely affected by any litigation.

Item 1A. - Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in our assessment of our risk factors from those set forth in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in our 2021 Annual Report.

Item 2. - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

All dollar amounts included in Item 2 herein, except per share amounts, are in thousands.

The Company has not sold any unregistered securities within the past three years.

On January 17, 2017, our registration statement on Form S-1 registering our common stock was declared effective by the SEC. On March 13, 2017, the Company completed the IPO of 10,350,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$10.00 per share. The Company received net proceeds of \$93,145 from the offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and offering expenses. Griffin Financial Group, LLC acted as our placement agent in connection with the IPO.

Direct Auto was acquired on August 31, 2018, with \$17,000 of the net proceeds from the IPO.

On January 1, 2020, we acquired Westminster for \$40,000. We paid \$20,000 at the time of closing. The terms of the acquisition agreement included payment of the remaining \$20,000, subject to certain adjustments, in three equal installments on each of the first and second anniversaries of the closing, and on the first business day of the month preceding the third anniversary of the closing. The first two installments were paid in January 2021 and January 2022. The Company anticipates using the net proceeds from the IPO to satisfy the remaining obligation in December 2022.

From time to time, the Company may also repurchase its own stock. These repurchases may be used to satisfy its obligations under the equity incentive plans or may be done for other reasons. To date, the Company has used the net proceeds from the IPO to fund these buyback programs.

There has been no material change in the planned use of proceeds from our IPO as described in our final prospectus filed with the SEC on January 17, 2017.

On May 4, 2020, our Board of Directors approved an authorization for the repurchase of up to approximately \$10,000 of the Company's outstanding common stock. During the year ended December 31, 2020, we completed the repurchase of 454,443 shares of our common stock for \$7,238 under this authorization. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we repurchased an additional 144,110 shares of our common stock for \$2,762 to close out this authorization.

On August 11, 2021, our Board of Directors approved an additional authorization for the repurchase of up to approximately \$5,000 of the Company's outstanding common stock. During the six months ended December 31, 2021, we completed the repurchase of 81,095 shares of our common stock for \$1,554 under this authorization. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we completed the repurchase of 111,244 shares of our common stock for \$1,932 under this authorization.

On May 9, 2022, our Board of Directors approved an additional authorization for the repurchase of up to approximately \$10,000 of the Company's outstanding common stock.

				Total Number of		Maximum Dollar Value
				Shares Purchased		of Shares That May Yet
	Total Number of		Average Price	as Part of Publicly		Be Purchased Under the
	Shares	Paid		Announced Plans		Plans or Programs ⁽²⁾
Period in 2022	Purchased		Per Share	or Programs (1)		(in thousands)
April 1-30, 2022	20,466	\$	16.40	20,466	\$	2,111
May 1-31, 2022	20,596		16.39	20,596		11,772
June 1-30, 2022	15,310		16.88	15,310		11,514
Total	56,372	\$	16.58	56,372	\$	11,514
		_			_	

- (1) Shares purchased pursuant to the August 11, 2021 publicly announced share repurchase authorization of up to approximately \$5,000 of the Company's outstanding common stock.
- (2) Maximum dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased consist of up to approximately \$1,514 under the August 11, 2021, publicly announced repurchase authorization and up to approximately \$10,000 under the May 9, 2022, publicly announced share repurchase authorization.

Item 3. - Defaults upon Senior Securities

Not Applicable

Item 4. - Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable

Item 5. - Other Information

None

Item 6. - Exhibits

Exhibit	
Number	Description
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as
	Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to
3 -	Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
	Section 500 of the Suitable of May 11et of 2001.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Linkbase Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
	·
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
	·
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized on August 4, 2022.

NI HOLDINGS, INC.

/s/ Michael J. Alexander

Michael J. Alexander President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Seth C. Daggett Seth C. Daggett Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Michael J. Alexander, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of NI Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information;
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 4, 2022

/s/ Michael J. Alexander
Michael J. Alexander
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Seth C. Daggett, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of NI Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 4, 2022

/s/ Seth C. Daggett
Seth C. Daggett
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of NI Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, Michael J. Alexander, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Seth C. Daggett, Chief Financial Officer, of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to our knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 4, 2022 /s/ Michael J. Alexander

Michael J. Alexander

President and Chief Executive Officer (*Principal Executive Officer*)

August 4, 2022 /s/ Seth C. Daggett

Seth C. Daggett Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)